

USER GUIDE  
UGG076-1219

# Viper 32 and 35 Series Granulator

Models 3241, 3262, 3560, 3580



Please record your equipment's model and serial number(s) and the date you received it in the spaces provided.

It's a good idea to record the model and serial number(s) of your equipment and the date you received it in the User Guide. Our service department uses this information, along with the manual number, to provide help for the specific equipment you installed.

Please keep this User Guide and all manuals, engineering prints, and parts lists together for documentation of your equipment.

Date:

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Manual Number: UGG076-1219

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Serial Number(s):

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Model Number(s):

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# Introduction

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# Purpose of the User Guide

This User Guide describes the Conair 32 and 35 Series Granulators and explains step-by-step how to install and operate this equipment.

Before installing this equipment, please take a few moments to read the User Guide and review the diagrams and safety information in the instruction packet. You also should review manuals covering associated equipment in your system. This review will not take long, and it could save you valuable installation and operating time later.

# How the Guide Is Organized

Symbols have been used to help organize the User Guide and call your attention to important information regarding safe installation and operation.



Symbols within triangles warn of conditions that could be hazardous to users or could damage equipment. Read and take precautions before proceeding.



Numbers indicate tasks or steps to be performed by the user.



A diamond indicates the equipment's response to an action performed by the user or a situation.



An open box marks items in a checklist.



A circle marks items in a list.



Indicates a tip. A tip is used to provide you with a suggestion that will help you with the maintenance and the operation of this equipment.



Indicates a note. A note is used to provide additional information about the steps you are following throughout the manual.

# Your Responsibility as a User

You must be familiar with all safety procedures concerning installation, operation, and maintenance of this equipment. Responsible safety procedures include:

- Thorough view of this User Guide, paying particular attention to hazard warnings, appendices, and related diagrams.
- Thorough review of the equipment itself, with careful attention to voltage sources, intended use, and warning labels.
- Thorough review of instruction manuals for associated equipment.
- Step-by-step adherence to instructions outlined in this User Guide.

## Foreword

This equipment is not dangerous to operators if used in accordance with the information given by Conair and if used within the operating conditions as designed.

Furthermore, the safety equipment must be constantly kept operational. All required maintenance operations must be carried out according to specific schedules.

This User Guide must be kept for the whole lifetime of the equipment and must be available to operators and service engineers at all times.

The information in this User Guide is the exclusive property of Conair.

This manual is to serve as a guide for installing, operating, and maintaining the equipment. Improper installation can lead to poor performance, equipment damage, and/or personal injury. We recommend the use of qualified installers and service technicians for all installation and maintenance of this equipment.

This manual is for our standard product. The information in this manual is general in nature. Unit-specific drawings and supplemental documents are included with the equipment as needed. Additional copies of documents are available upon request. We strive to maintain an accurate record of all equipment during the course of its useful life.

Due to the ever-changing nature of applicable codes, ordinances, and other local laws pertaining to the use and operation of this equipment, we do not reference them in this manual.

There is no substitute for common sense and good operating practices when placing any mechanical equipment into operation.

We encourage all personnel to familiarize themselves with this manual's contents. Failure to do so may unnecessarily prolong equipment down time.

We trust your equipment will have a long and useful life. If you should have any questions, please contact our Service Department specifying the serial number and model number of the unit as indicated on the nameplate.

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814 437 6861

# ATTENTION:

## Read This So No One Gets Hurt

We design equipment with the user's safety in mind. You can avoid the potential hazards identified on this machine by following the procedures outlined below and elsewhere in the User Guide.



**WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.**



This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of equipment.

All wiring, disconnects, and circuit breakers should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.



**WARNING: Voltage hazard**



This equipment is powered by three-phase alternating current, as specified on the equipment serial tag and data plate.

A properly sized conductive ground wire from the incoming power supply must be connected to the chassis ground terminal inside the electrical enclosure. Improper grounding can result in severe personal injury and erratic machine operation.

Always disconnect and lock out the incoming main power source before opening the electrical enclosure or performing non-standard operating procedures, such as routine maintenance. Only qualified personnel should perform troubleshooting procedures that require access to the electrical enclosure while power is on.



**DANGER: Sharp Knife**

Most injuries caused by knives occur when the granulator has been turned off. Handle knives with care at all times.

- Always wear cut-resistant gloves when the granulator chamber is open and when handling knives.
- Always lock out power to the granulator before opening the granulator chamber.



**DANGER: Pinch Hazard**

Injuries when lowering the hopper.



When the hopper is being lowered, keep hands and arms away from the hopper/granulator surfaces.

## General Information - Use - Areas


The employer shall provide the staff with instructions on injury risks, operator safety equipment, noise emission risks, and on general accident prevention rules according to the international directives and to the legislation of the country in which the machine will be used.

The behavior of personnel, maintenance service engineers, cleaning personnel, inspectors, etc., shall, in any case, conscientiously comply with the accident prevention standards of the country in which the equipment will be used.

This manual only refers to the equipment described herein.

The equipment must only be used by trained operators who have completely read and understand the instructions described in this User Guide.

All instructions, warnings, and general accident prevention rules described in this User Guide must be observed. The manufacturer is not responsible for non-observance of these rules.

 **NOTE:** Before starting work, the operator shall be fully aware of the position and functioning of all controls and features of the equipment. Furthermore, the operator must completely read and understand this User Guide, and take all appropriate safety precautions.



Use Cut Resistant Gloves



Do Not Wear Jewelry

# Risks, Protections, and Warnings

## General Safety

In order to ensure the health and safety of exposed persons, the granulator has been equipped with the following safeties:

- Fixed guards; and
- Removable guards.

## Fixed Safeties

Protective casings, insulating box, anti-fly-back flaps, and stationary rotor lock.

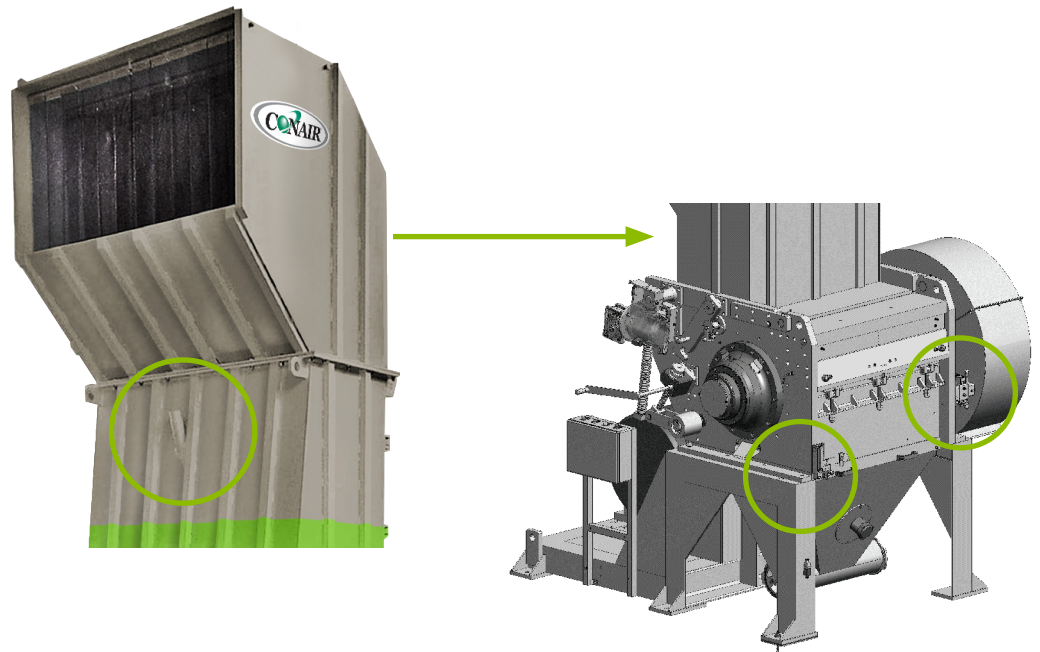
## Removable Safeties

These devices and circuits monitor access to the cutting chamber and drive belt.

Access to the cutting chamber is monitored safely by a system designed to protect operators from danger and personal injury.

A mechanical safety monitors the position of the guards by means of limit switches. These limit switches - appropriately connected to the auxiliary circuit - stop the electric motor if the guards are not closed. The control circuit is periodically checked after every startup in order to ensure proper operation. The motor cannot be restarted if power contactor anomalies are found.

Access to the drive area is blocked by a mechanical lock and can be opened by special keys.



# Risks, Protections, and Warnings (Continued)

## IMPORTANT!



### Granulator Balance

When the hopper has been opened/tilted, be very careful as the machine could be thrown off balance more easily (see section on “Maintenance”).



### Cutting Edge of Knives or Hazardous Exposure to Cuts

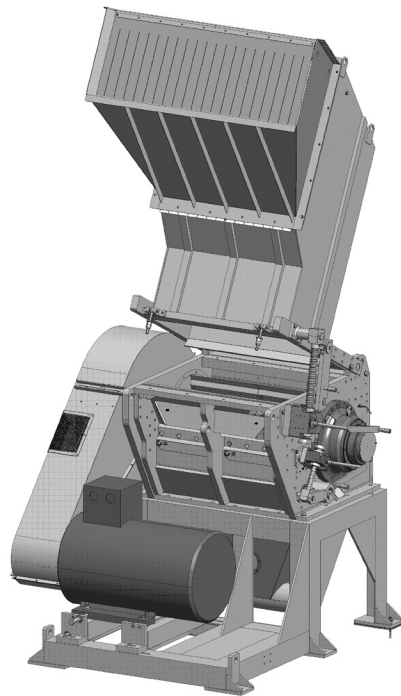
Whenever it is necessary to work near the movable knives of the rotor, use caution. These knives are sharp and may cause injuries.

When accessing the cutting chamber, remember that the rotor, even if moved manually, could cause serious injuries if parts of the body are inside the chamber.

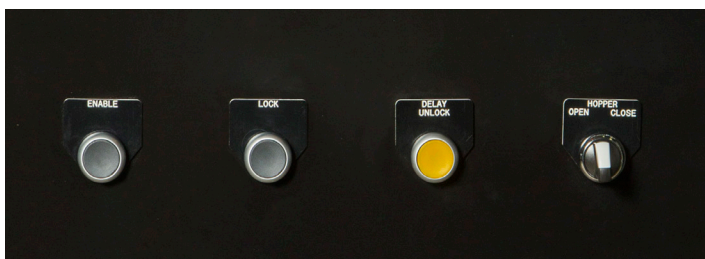


### Injuries When Lowering the Hopper - Pinch Hazard

When the hopper is lowered in order to be reclosed, be careful not to injure parts of the body between the hopper and body of the machine.



The hopper opening procedure should be executed with caution to avoid tipping risk, sharp knife contact, and pinch hazards.



(Continued)

## Risks, Protections, and Warnings (Continued)



### **WARNING:**

When tilting the hopper, pay attention to prevent body parts from being crushed between the hopper and the base.  
When tilting the hopper, only the operator may enter the area.

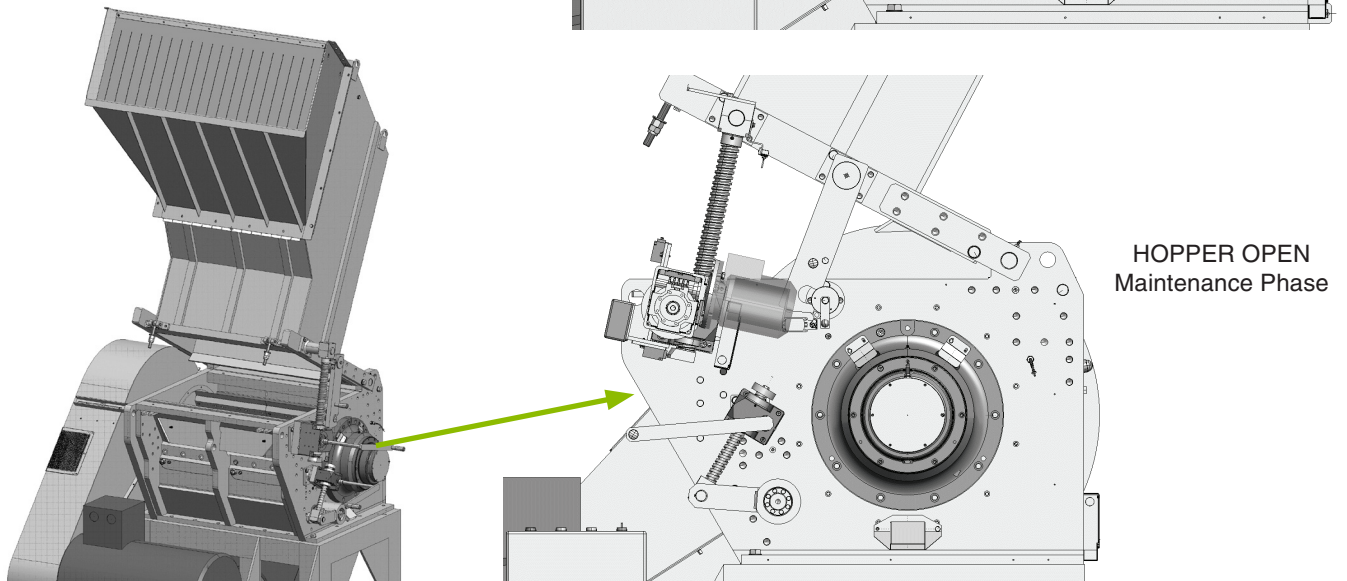
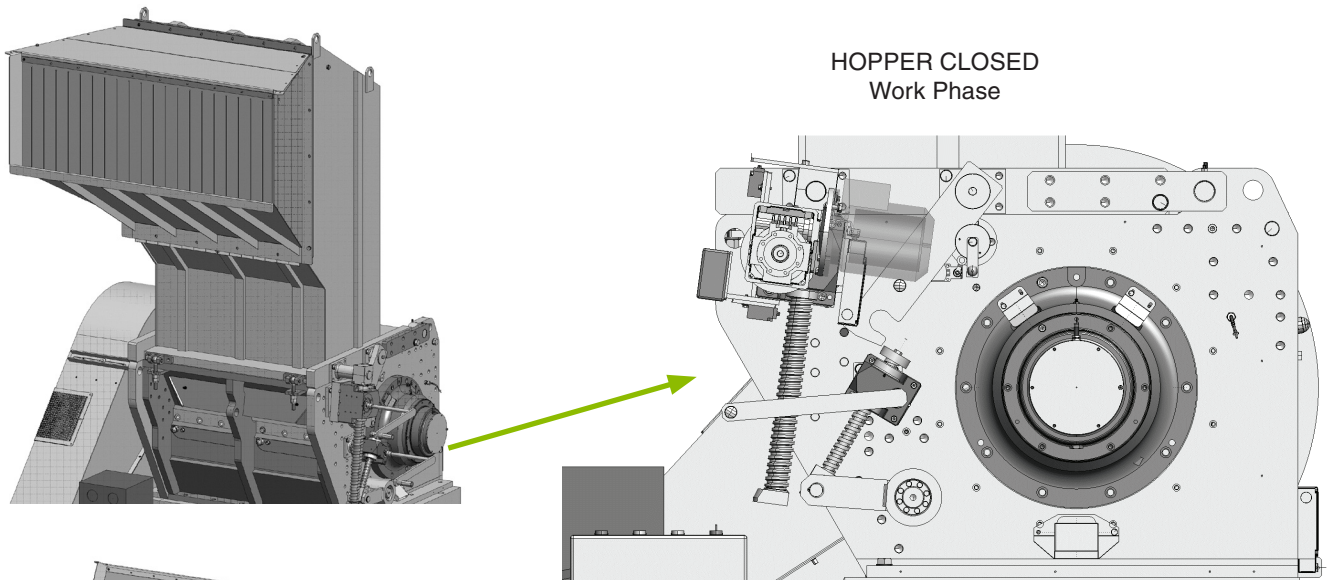


### **WARNING:**

When accessing the cutting chamber by tilting the hopper open the hopper until the safety bar is locked in place.

The only safe positions of the hopper are:

- Hopper closed.
- Hopper open and the safety bar engaged.



# Safety Guards

Do not tamper with or remove guards and tags. The manufacturer refuses all responsibility concerning the safety of the equipment if these items have been removed.



# Equipment Symbols - USA



**IMPORTANT:** Read and observe all warnings

<b>⚠ DANGER</b>	
	<p><b>Live electric parts</b></p> <p>Could cause death or shock. Lock out and tag out power before doing service.</p>

<b>⚠ DANGER</b>	
	<p><b>Pinch hazard</b></p> <p>Can Cause serious injury. Pay attention when working in the area of the running conveyor.</p>

<b>⚠ DANGER</b>	
	<p><b>Pinch hazard</b></p> <p>Can Cause serious injury. Pay attention during the feed hopper opening or screen holder opening.</p>

<b>⚠ DANGER</b>	
	<p><b>Cutter hazard</b></p> <p>Can Cause serious injury. Pay attention during the knife setting or knife maintenance.</p>

<b>⚠ DANGER</b>	
	<p><b>Crushing hazard</b></p> <p>Can Cause serious injury. Pay attention during the screen holder opening. Screen may drop down.</p>

<b>⚠ DANGER</b>	
	<p><b>Rotating parts</b></p> <p>Can cause serious injury. Pay attention when remove the protection cover of the belts.</p>

<b>⚠ WARNING</b>	
	<p><b>Rotating parts.</b></p> <p>Can Cause serious injury. Disconnect power before doing service lock out and tag out.</p>

<b>⚠ WARNING</b>	
	<p><b>Rotating parts.</b></p> <p>Can Cause serious injury. LOCK OUT and TAG OUT POWER before to remove any protection.</p>



<b>⚠ CAUTION</b>	
	<p><b>Possible noise hazard</b></p> <p>May cause injury. Hearing protection have to be worn when working on the machine.</p>


<b>⚠ CAUTION</b>	
	<p><b>Cutting hazard</b></p> <p>Contact may cause injury. Protective gloves have to be worn when working on the cutting chamber.</p>

<b>⚠ WARNING</b>	
	<p><b>Flying pieces</b></p> <p>Could cause BLINDNESS. Wear safety glasses.</p>

# Equipment Symbols - Safety

## Danger and Attention



 **IMPORTANT:** Read and observe all warnings

## Miscellaneous



# How to Use the Lockout Device




## CAUTION:

Before performing maintenance or repairs on this product, you should disconnect and lockout electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or start-up. A lockable device may be provided to isolate this product from potentially hazardous electricity.



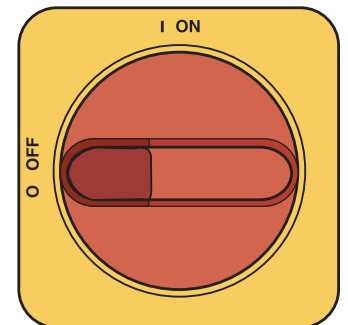
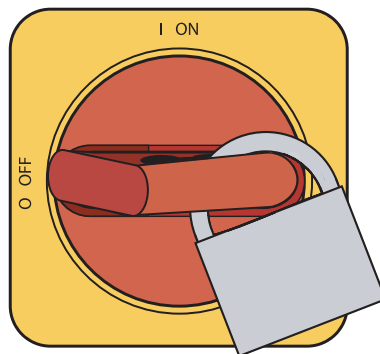
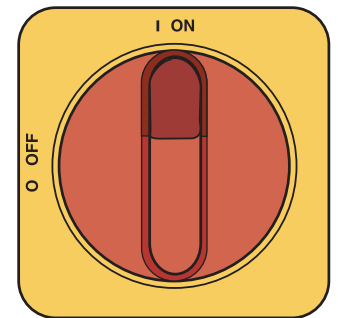
## WARNING:

Before removing lockout devices and returning switches to the ON position, make sure that all personnel are clear of the machine, tools have been removed and all safety guards reinstalled.

 **NOTE:** Your lockout device may appear slightly different than the one shown in this sample.

**Lockout** is the preferred method of isolating machines or equipment from energy sources. Your Conair product may be equipped with the lockout device pictured below. To use the lockout device:

- 1 Stop or turn off the equipment.**
- 2 Isolate the equipment from the electric power.**
- 3 Turn the rotary disconnect switch to the OFF, or “O” position**
- 4 Secure the device with an assigned lock or tag.**
- 5 The equipment is now locked out.**



If the equipment has no included lockout device, perform the same procedure upstream of the device as part of premises electrical system.

# Description

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# What Is the Viper 32 and 35 Series Granulator?


A granulator is designed to cut and granulate pieces and scraps of plastic material with minimum use of energy. Basically, the equipment includes a hopper, cutting chamber, and a discharge.


The granulated material size is determined by means of a drilled screen.

The granulator walls are sound-reducing, designed to decrease noise pollution.

Conair granulators are designed for granulating injection molded, blow molded, or extruded plastic residue. The function of the granulator can be described as follows:

- The plastic residue, which must be free from metal and contamination, is fed into the granulator's inlet.
- The plastic residue falls through the hopper and down into the cutter housing. The cutter housing contains fixed knives and a rotor.
- Rotating knives are mounted on the rotor. The plastic residue is granulated (cut) between the rotating knives on the rotor and the fixed knives in the cutter housing. Both rotating knives and fixed knives must be replaced or sharpened as necessary.
- The size of the granulate (the cut plastic residue) is determined by the screen.
- The screen is installed in the screen box in the base of the cutter housing. The screen can easily be changed to give the required granulate size.
- The granulate passes through the screen down into the evacuation bin, which collects the finished granulate. The evacuation bin can be emptied manually or evacuated by means of a blower.

 **IMPORTANT:** The granulator must never be used with dull knives. Dull knives cause abnormal wear and damage the granulator.

 **NOTE:** If the granulator is supplied with a traction unit, please refer to the manual shipped with your traction unit.

## Proper Locations

- 1 The equipment must be levelled correctly. This equipment is for indoor use only.
- 2 The location should allow normal equipment operating actions and routine maintenance with good lighting and proper ventilation.

## Planned Uses, Unplanned Uses, and Improper Use of Granulator


The granulator must be used for granulating the product specified in the contract within the capacity limits identified in the contract. Always check that the material to be ground is not contaminated (e.g. rocks, iron, dirt, etc.).

Using the granulator for granulating other materials or to reach higher capacity values not provided for in the regulations is considered "MISUSE". Therefore, the manufacturer refuses any responsibility concerning damages caused to things or people, and will consider any type of equipment warranty no longer valid.

Do not go inside the granulator or put improper objects in it.

Do not approach moving parts or parts that could start moving with any type of object.

Do not disconnect any accessories when the equipment is in operation or in possible startup conditions (power supply connected).

 **IMPORTANT:** Using the equipment when not explicitly permitted by the instructions specified in the User Guide is considered unplanned or improper, and forbidden, voiding the warranty. Misuse is also dangerous/unsafe for operators and other personnel.

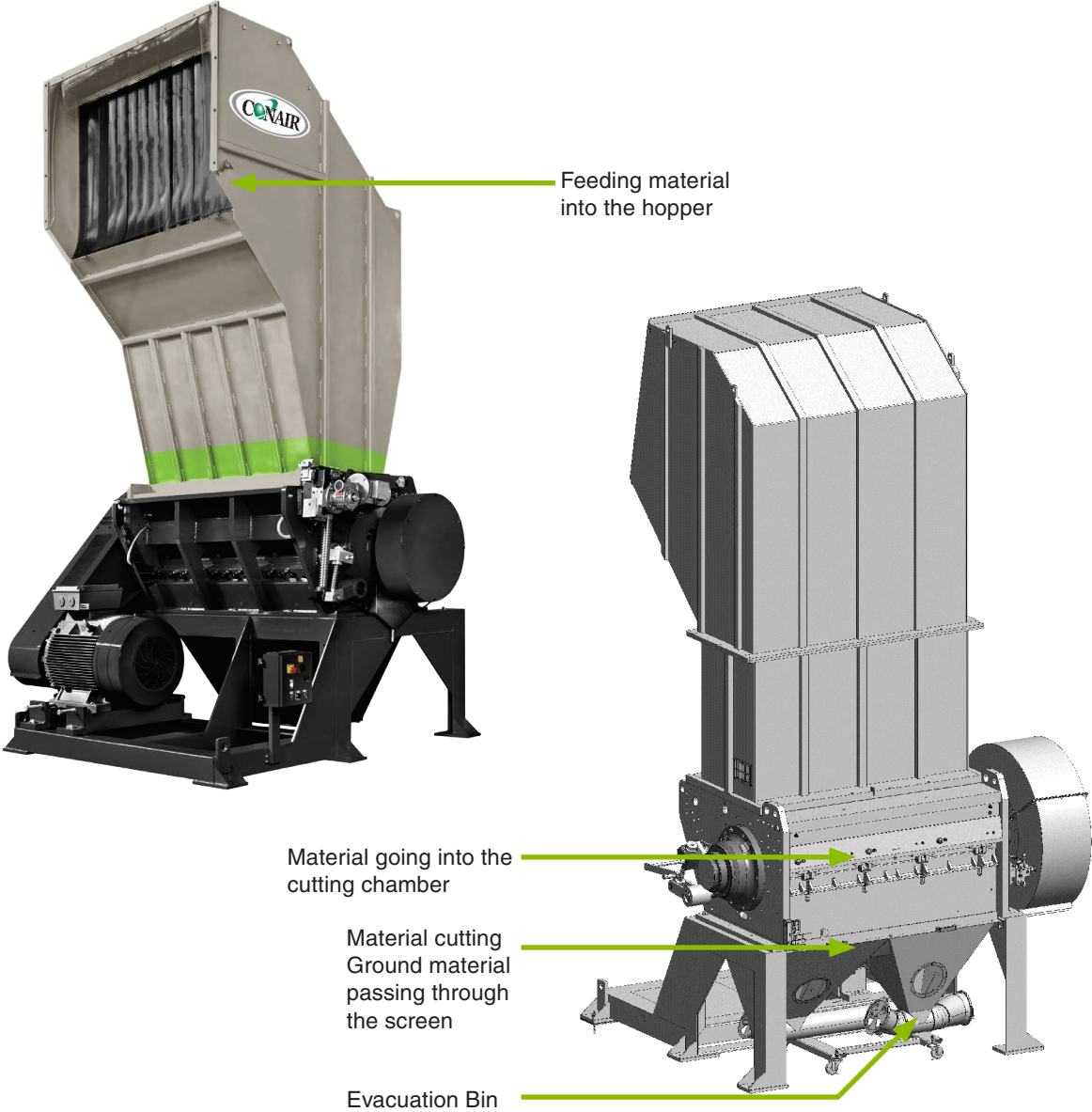
# How the Viper 32 and 35 Series Granulator Works

The granulating process takes place as described below.

The product to be ground is fed into the hopper unit. It falls into the cutting chamber, along the anti-fly-back channel which is shaped to prevent material from coming out during the granulating phase. Here, it is cut by a rotor with hardened knives. The cutting action is achieved between a rotating rotor knife and a fixed knife.

A drilled screen located under the rotor allows the properly sized material to spill into the bin. The dimension of the holes in the screen determines the size of the granule.

At this point, the recycled granule is picked up by the evacuation system.

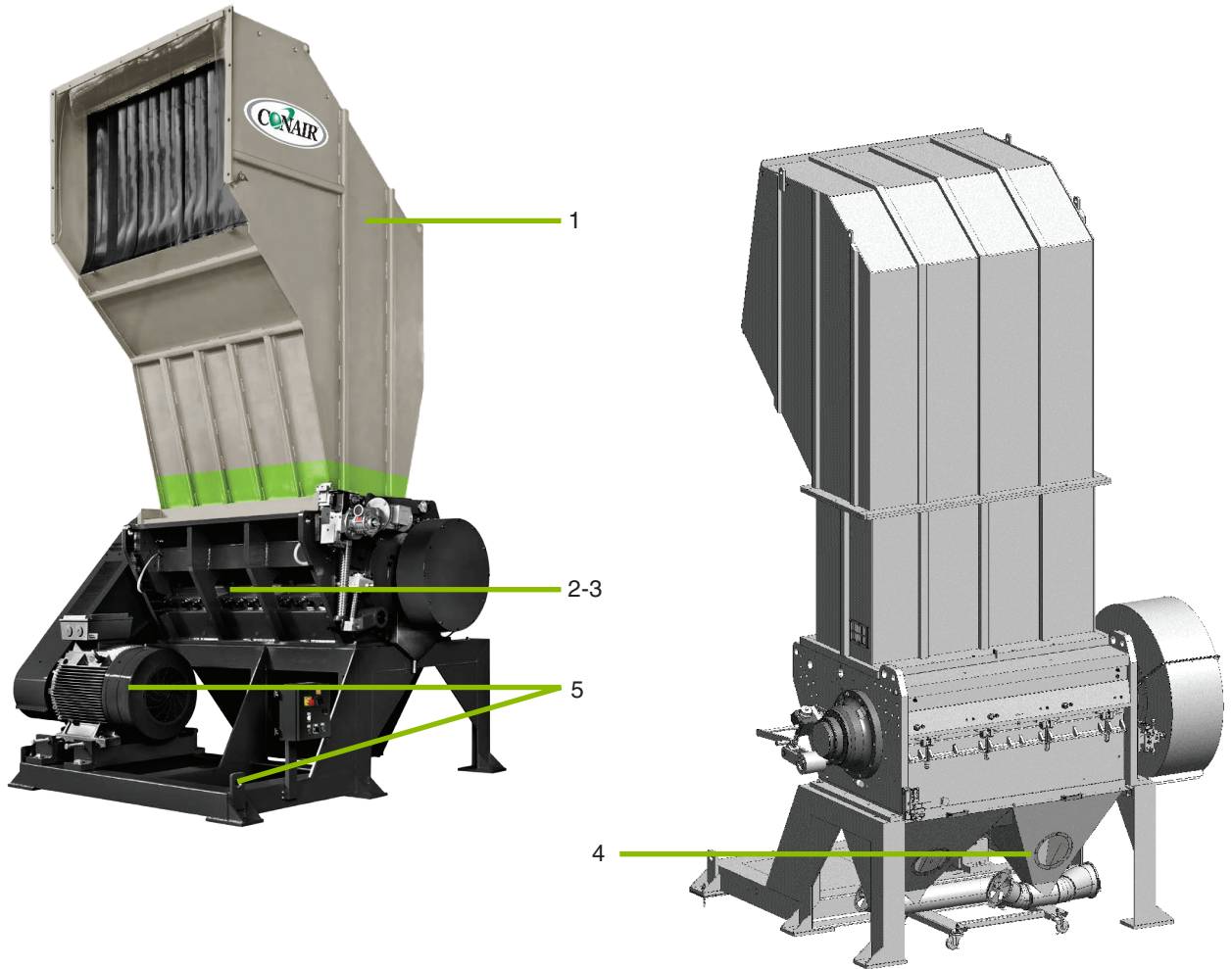


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## How the Viper 32 and 35 Series Granulator Works (Continued)

The main units of the granulator are:

- Feeding unit/hopper (1);
- Rotor unit hopper and cutting chamber (2-3);
- Bin and material evacuation (4); and
- Base unit and motor drive (5).

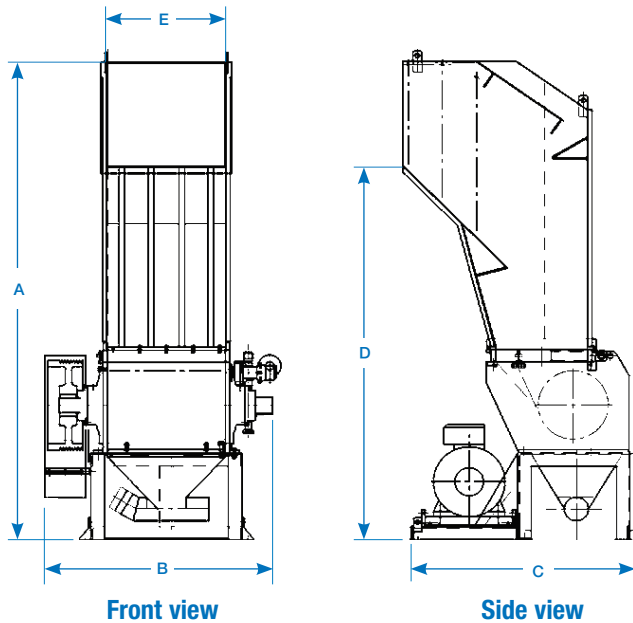


# Specifications

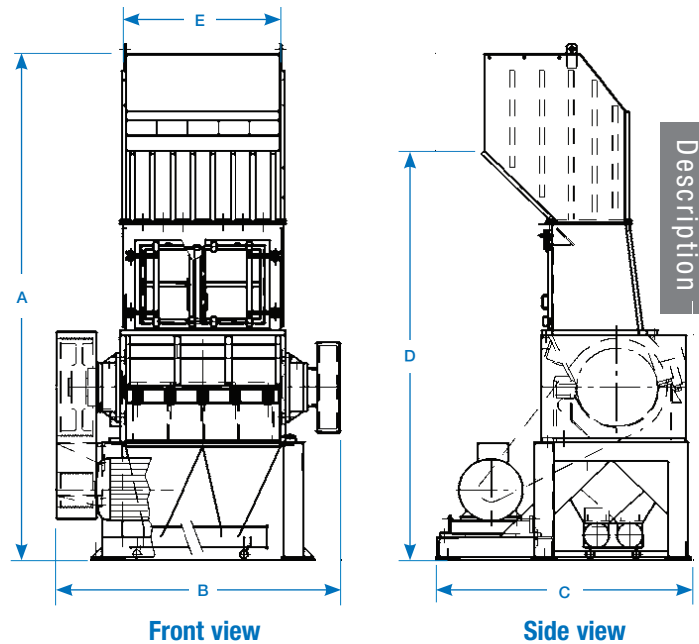
The technical specifications of the equipment are shown below (data only referred to the granulator).

## Granulator with standard hand feed hopper

### 32-Series



### 35-Series



Description 2

Models	3241	3262	3560	3580
<b>Performance characteristics</b>				
Throughput range † lb/hr {kg/hr}	up to 3960 {1800}	up to 4840 {2200}	up to 11,000 {5000}	up to 13,200 {6000}
Rotor diameter inches {mm}	24.5 {620}		31.5 {800}	
Rotor speed rpm	460		440	
Rotor type	5-blade or 7-blade welded open rotor			
Rotating knives x fixed knives	5 x 2; optional 7 x 2			
Standard screen hole size inches {mm}	0.5 {12}			
Cutting chamber inches {mm}	31.5 x 41.0 {800 x 1040}	31.5 x 61.4 {800 x 1560}	34.2 x 60.6 {870 x 1540}	34.2 x 80.3 {870 x 2040}
Motor power Hp {kW}	150 {110}	175 {132}	215 {160}	270 {200}
<b>Dimensions inches {mm}</b>				
A - Height	159.4 {4050}	163.4 {4150}	204.5 {5195}	
B - Width	78.7 {2000}	102.5 {2604}	75.2 {1910}	84.6 {2150}
C - Depth	75.2 {1910}	84.6 {2150}	100.0 {2540}	
D - Height to hopper infeed	116.9 {2970}	122.0 {3100}	165.4 {4200}	
E - Feed hopper opening width	40.7 {1034}	60.6 {1540}	116.9 {2970}	122 {3100}
<b>Approximate weight lb {kg}</b>				
Installed	20,900 {9500}	24,860 {11,300}	33,000 {15,000}	39,600 {18,000}
Shipping	23,000 {10,433}	27,000 {12,247}	35,500 {16,103}	42,500 {19,278}
<b>Voltages Full load amps based on motor size †</b>				
Motor power Hp	150 {110}	175 {132}	215 {160}	270 {200}
460/3 phase/60 Hz (standard)	180	215	260	325
575/3 phase/60 Hz	144	172	208	260

### Specification Notes

\* Throughputs are provided as a capacity guideline only. Throughput will be greater or lesser than the values shown according to the selected screen size and the shape, size, thickness and properties of the material to be cut. Consult Conair for a material test to help in determining the correct granulator model for your application.

† FLA data for reference purposes only. Does not include any accessories added such as blower or conveyor motor loads. Includes standard motor only. For true, full FLA for power circuit design of specific machine refer to electrical diagram of the machine order or nameplate applied to machine at shipment.

Specifications may change without notice. Check with a Conair representative for the most current information.

### Application Note

Allow appropriate clearance above machine for hopper tilting during maintenance.

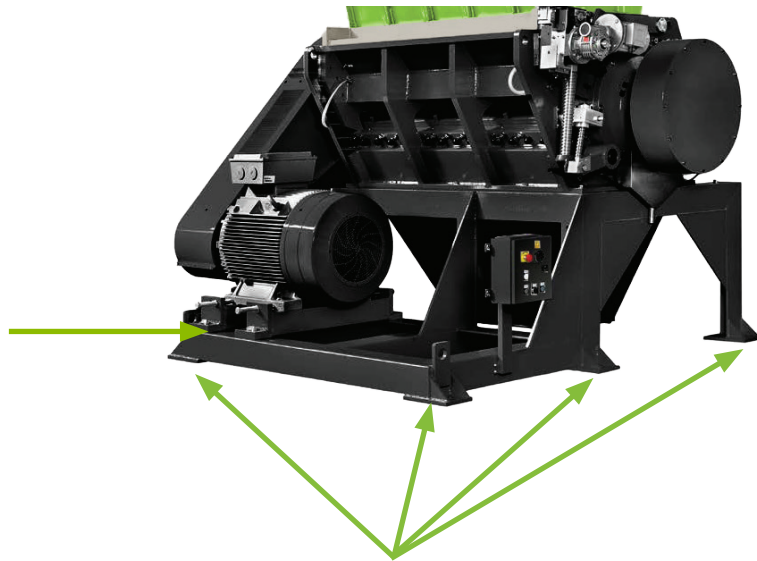
# Base Unit and Motor Drive

## Base Unit

It is essential for the machine to be properly levelled and secured to the ground. The machine is provided with holes for bolting it to the ground.

Secure the machine as follows:

- 1** Lift the machine and place it on the floor;
- 2** Drill holes in the floor;
- 3** Put the expansion bolts in the holes;
- 4** Screw and fully tighten the nuts on the expansion plugs;
- 5** Make sure the unit is level.



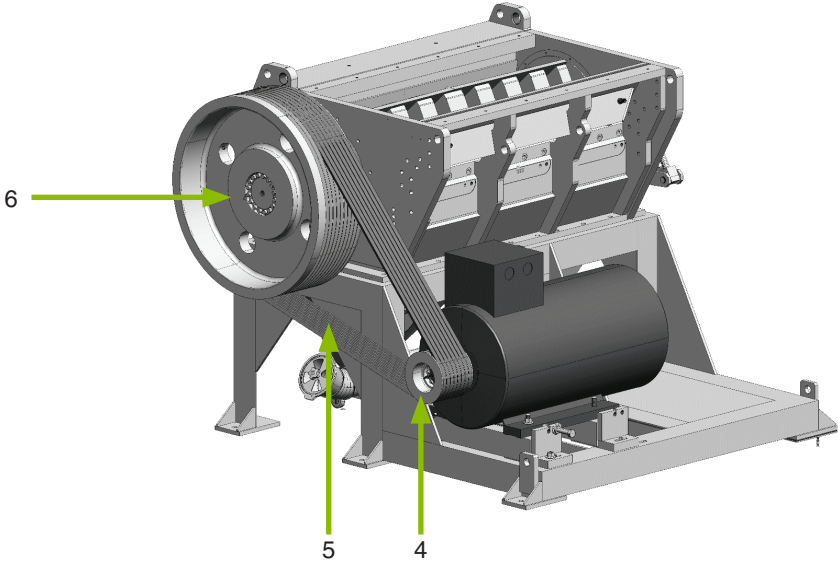
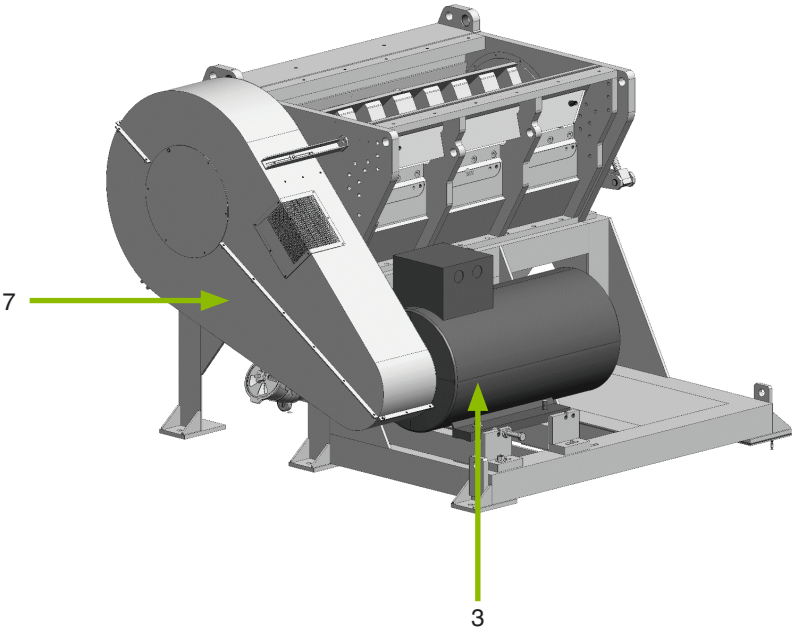
# Base Unit and Motor Drive (Continued)

## Motor Drive

The motor drive consists of a three-phase motor (3) motor pulley (4) and a V-belt drive (5). The V-belt drive transfers power to the rotor flywheel (6), adding vibration damping at the same time.

An enclosure (7) covers the driving pulley, belts, and flywheel pulley to ensure operator's safety.


The driving pulley and the flywheel pulley are respectively mounted with a self-locking element to optimize the driving transmission and the alignment of the belts.




(Continued)

# Feeding Unit

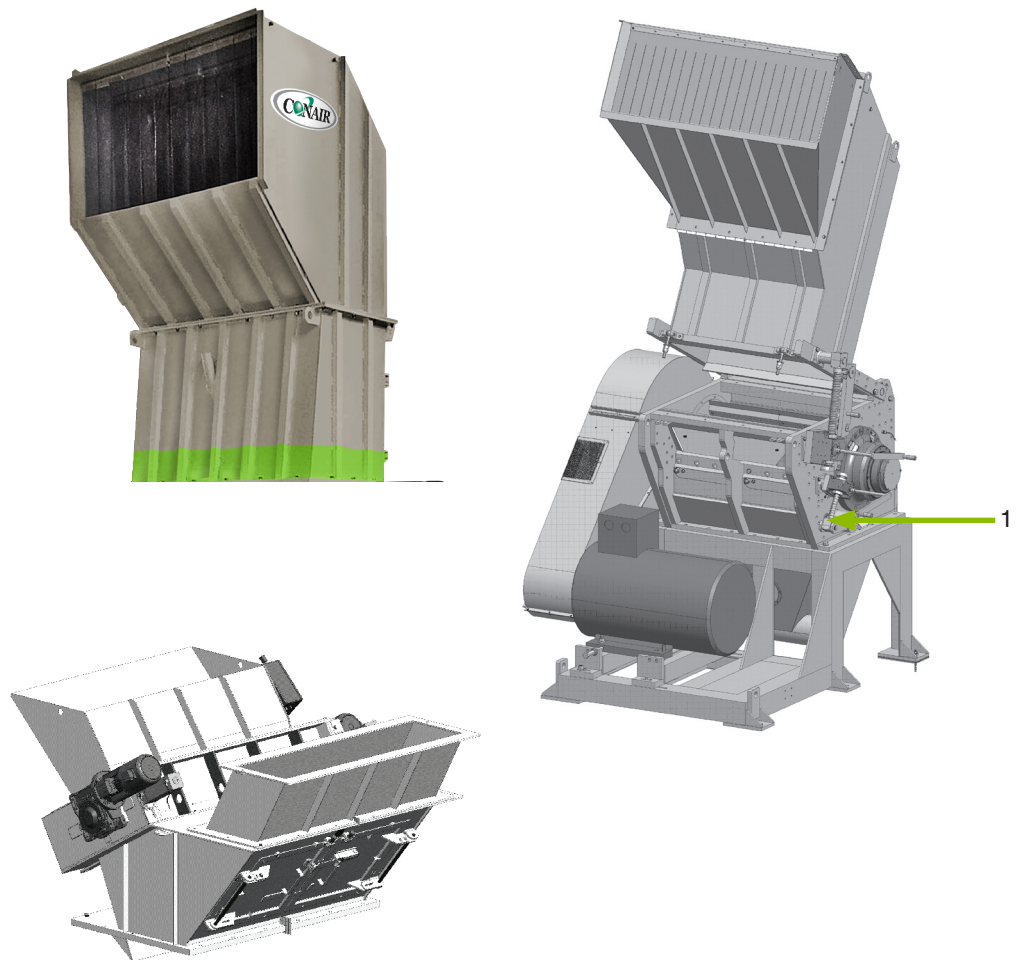
The granulator is loaded by means of a hopper or traction unit designed to facilitate the introduction of material, fed into the cutting chamber, preventing the flyback from coming out of the opening and by limiting noise from coming out through special flaps.

 **IMPORTANT:** Do not go inside or put improper material in the hopper.

 **IMPORTANT:** Pay attention as it is easier to unbalance the machine after the hopper has been opened/tilted.

Some machines have a jack unit (1) for tilting/opening the hopper.  
The jack can be:

- Manual jack operated with a crank handle or
- Motorized jack with two-hand control.



# Cutting Chamber, Rotor Unit, and Evacuation Bin

The cutting chamber is where the rotor cuts the material introduced by the feeding hopper. The rotor holds the knives.

Cutting takes place in several stages in the cutting chamber. First, the part is cut into small bites between the rotating knives, and the fixed knives. Then the bites are cut into smaller granules as the rotating knives cut them against the screen, and the pieces fall through the screen into the bin. The final size of the granule is determined by the screen size.

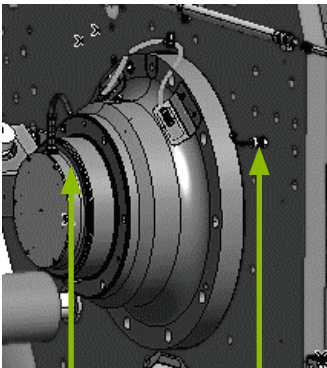
The two rotor speed control and temperature control devices are mounted on the cutting chamber. The rotor speed control device detects slowdown of the rotor during cutting. The thermal probe monitors the temperature in the cutting chamber.

The evacuation bin consists of a:

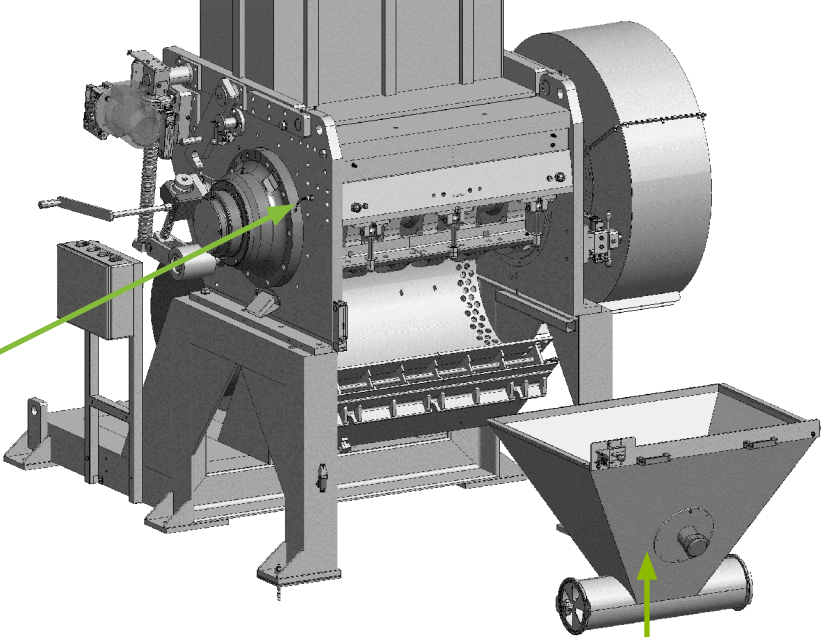
- Sizing screen; and
- Evacuation bin.

The granulating phase goes on until the material introduced reaches the required dimension (granule size). This is achieved by means of a drilled plate located in the cutting chamber discharge area. The only way for the material to exit is through the uniformly spaced holes in the screen. Therefore, the granule size is dependent on the diameter of the holes.

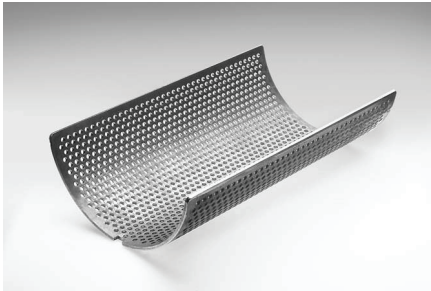
The granulated material drops into the evacuation bin (1).



Check Turn Rotor  
Thermal Probe



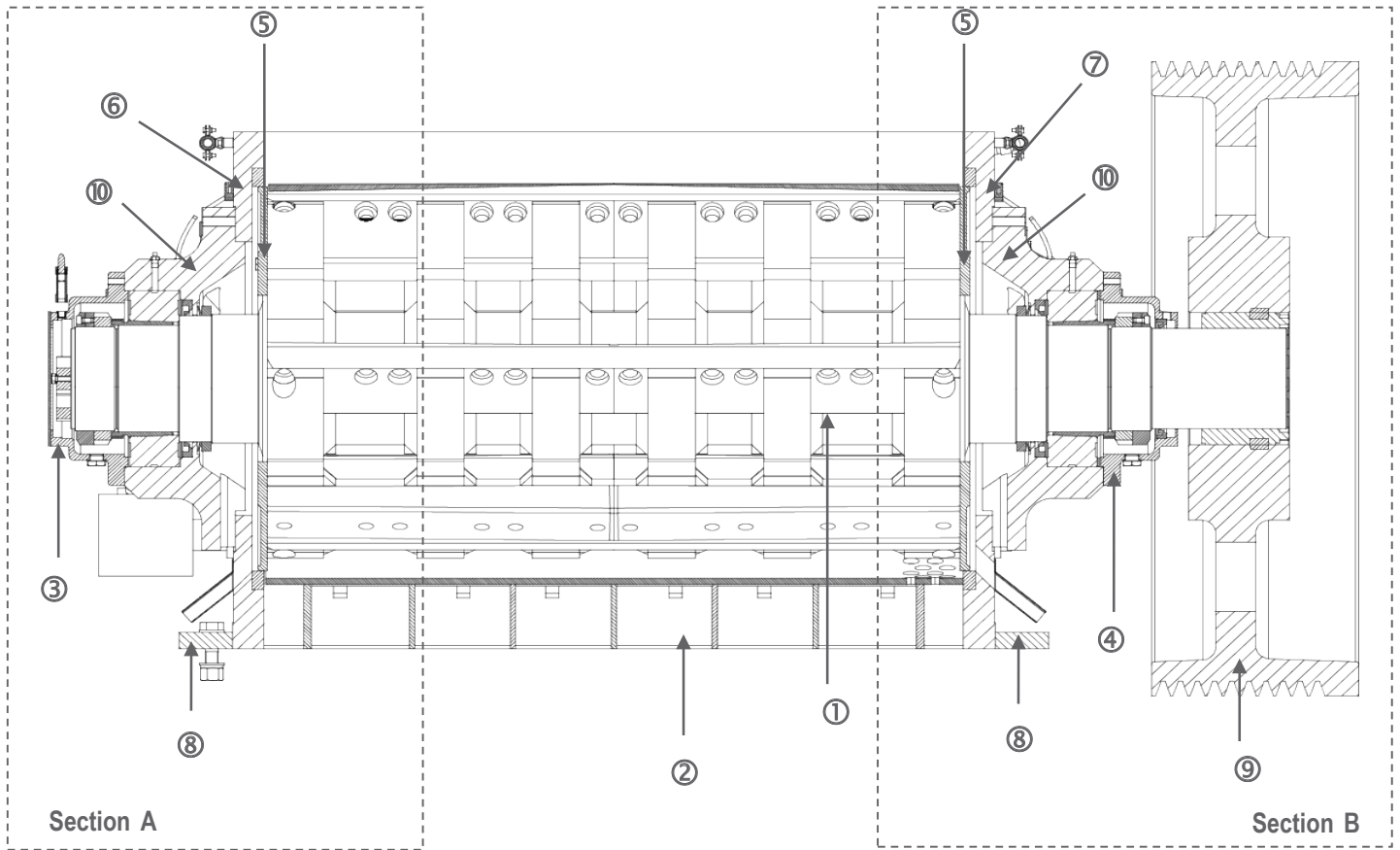
Evacuation Bin



Screen

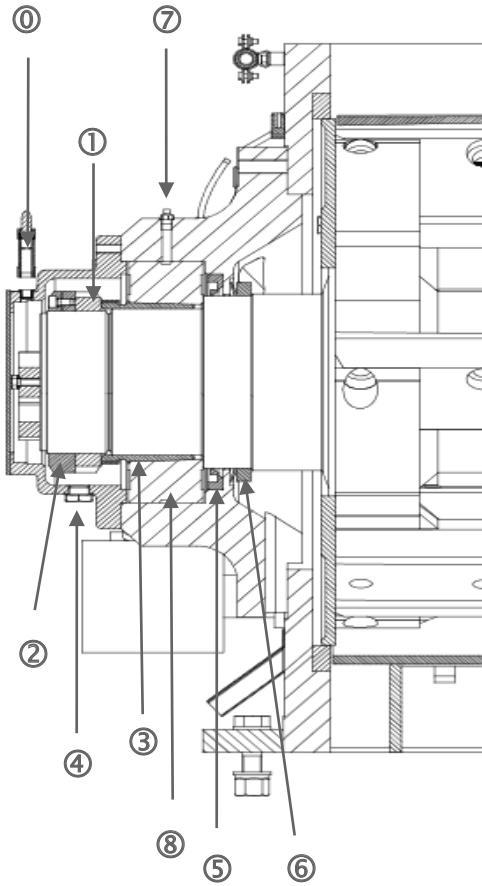
(Continued)

## Cutting Chamber, Rotor Unit, and Evacuation Bin (Continued)

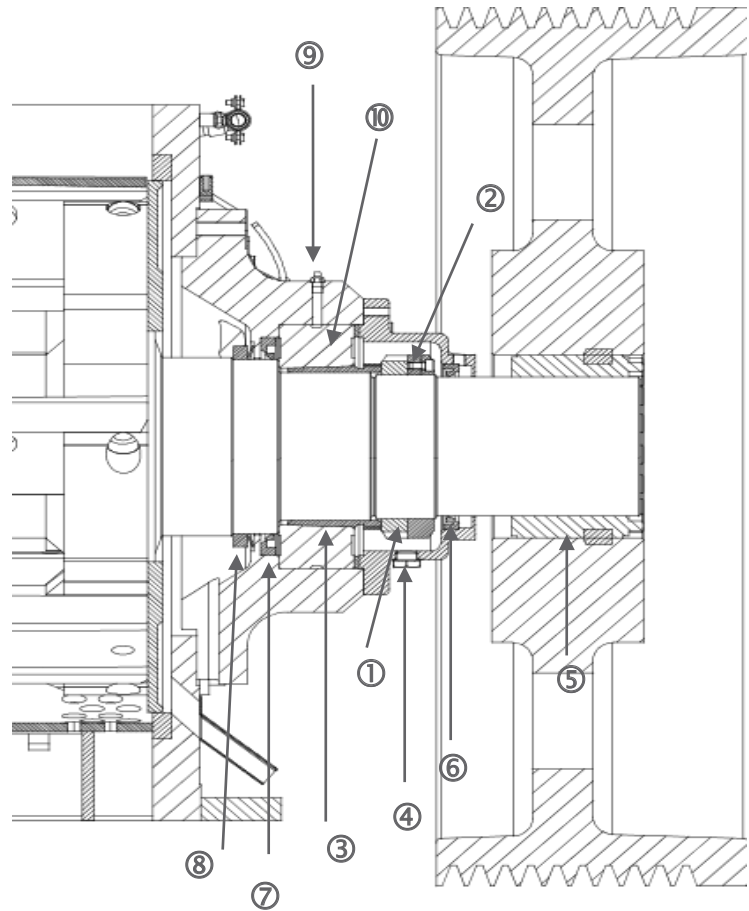


Pos.	Description
1	Shaft Holder Knife
2	Screen Holder
3	Support Lids Lateral Size
4	Support Lids Flywheel Lateral Size
5	Disk for Shaft
6	Lateral Size
7	Flywheel Lateral Size
8	Plate for Chamber
9	Flywheel Pulley
10	Support for Shaft Holder Knife

# Cutting Chamber, Rotor Unit, and Evacuation Bin (Continued)



Section A



Section B

Description  
2

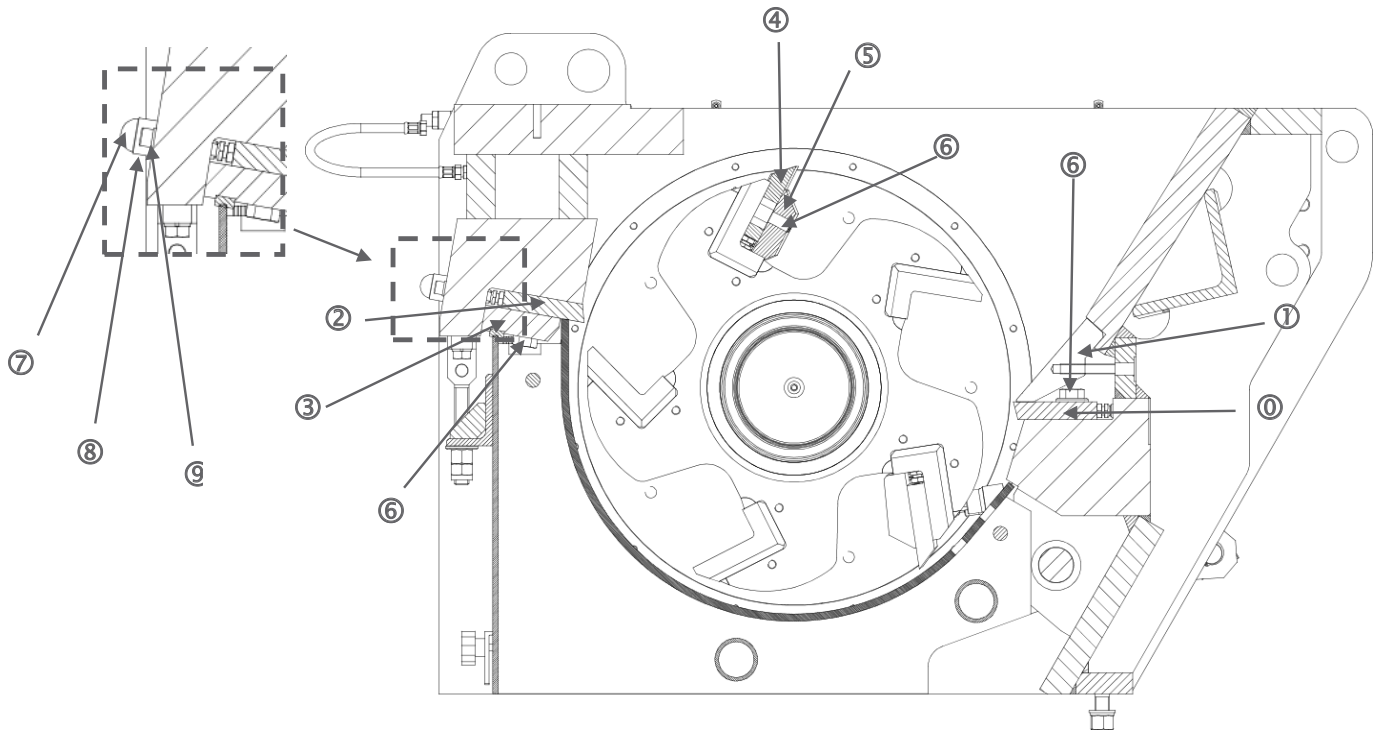
Pos.	Description
0	Washer with Eccentric for the Sensor
1	Ring Nut KM 33
2	Ring Nut KM 33 with Cut
3	Withdrawal Bearing AH 3036
4	Cup Closure Type T 1/2
5	Ring Seal MIM D=200/250x15
6	Ring Seal V-RING D=200 Type A
7	Greasing 1/8" Gas
8	Bearing SKF 23036-CCK

Pos.	Description
1	Ring Nut KM 33
2	Ring Nut KM 33 with Cut
3	Withdrawal Bearing AH 3036
4	Cup Closure Type T 1/2
5	Self-locking Element D=160x210
6	Ring Seal MIM D=160/195x15
7	Ring Seal MIM D=200/250x15
8	Ring Seal V-RING D=200 Type A
9	Greasing 1/8" Gas
10	Bearing SKF 23036-CCK

(Continued)

# Cutting Chamber, Rotor Unit, and Evacuation Bin (Continued)

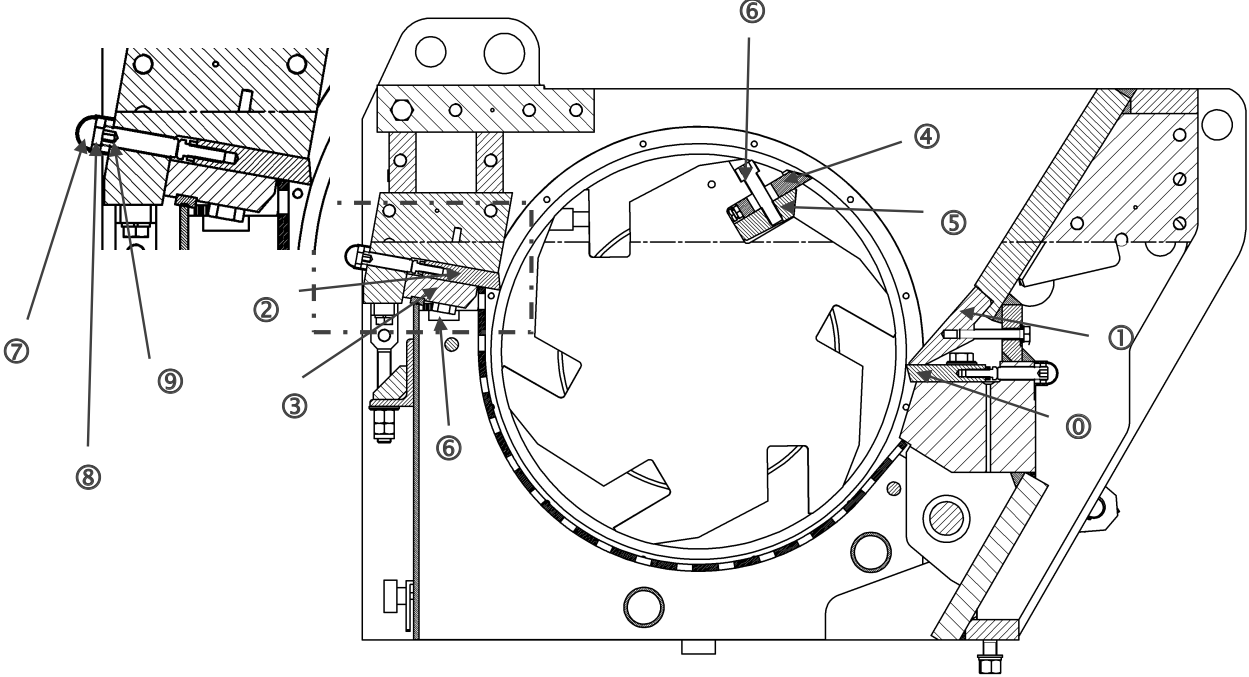
## Cutting Chamber 5 Knives



Pos.	Description
0	Pre-regulation First Fixed Knife
1	Plate First Fixed Knife
2	Pre-regulation Second Fixed Knife
3	Plate First Fixed Knife
4	Pre-regulation Knife
5	Knife Fixing Plate
6	Fixing Screw Knife and Fixed Knife
7	Lug Nut Cover
8	Nut
9	Grub Screw

# Cutting Chamber, Rotor Unit, and Evacuation Bin (Continued)

## Cutting Chamber 6 Knives

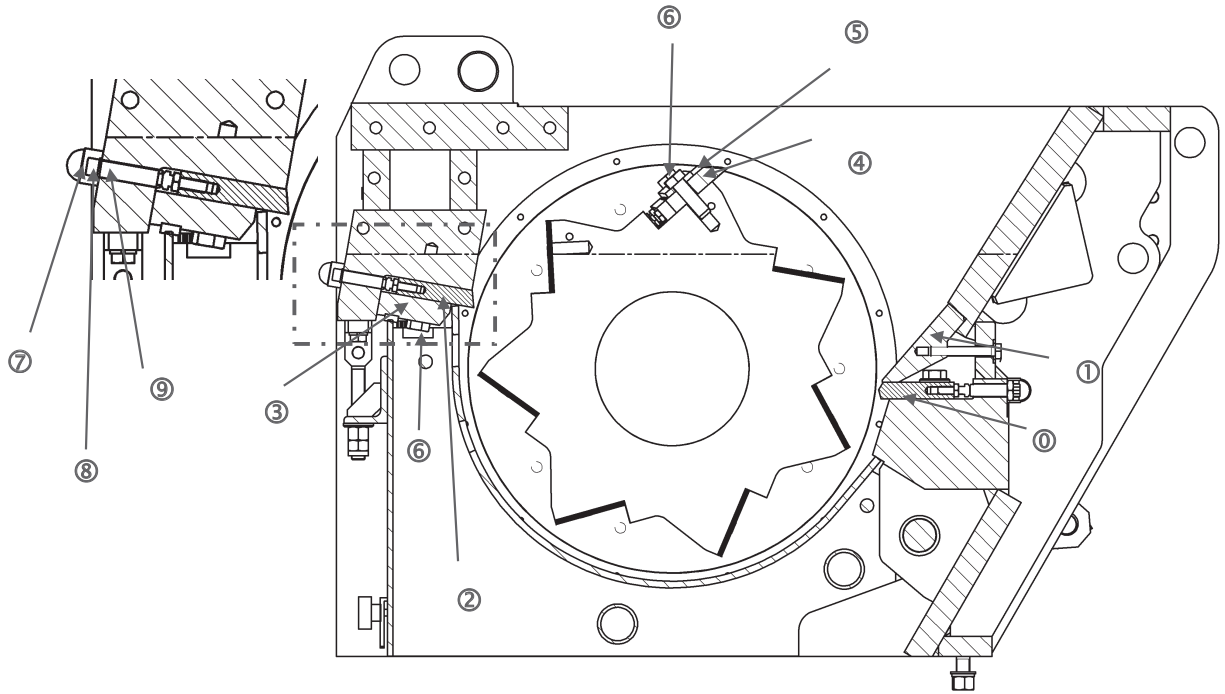


Description  
2

Pos.	Description
0	Pre-regulation First Fixed Knife
1	Plate First Fixed Knife
2	Pre-regulation Second Fixed Knife
3	Plate First Fixed Knife
4	Pre-regulation Knife
5	Knife Fixing Plate
6	Fixing Screw Knife and Fixed Knife
7	Lug Nut Cover
8	Nut
9	Grub Screw

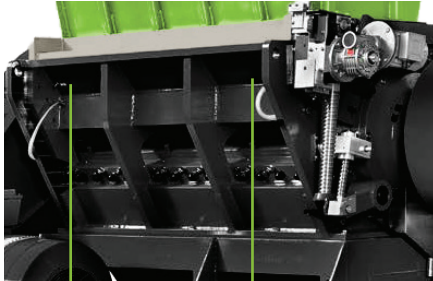
# Cutting Chamber, Rotor Unit, and Evacuation Bin (Continued)

## Cutting Chamber 7 Knives



Pos.	Description
0	Pre-regulation First Fixed Knife
1	Plate First Fixed Knife
2	Pre-regulation Second Fixed Knife
3	Plate First Fixed Knife
4	Pre-regulation Knife
5	Knife Fixing Plate
6	Fixing Screw Knife and Fixed Knife
7	Lug Nut Cover
8	Nut
9	Grub Screw

# Cooling System



Inlet

Outlet

## Connection

- a. 1/4 in. NPT or 1/4 in. BSP if threaded
- b. If a slip fitting, it could be a range of 10 mm -15 mm

## Maximum Water Pressure

44 PSI {3 bar}

## Required Water Flow 50 - 75 (lt/h)

0.22 - 0.33 GPM {0.83 - 1.25 L/min}



# Installation

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Unpacking the Boxes .....	3-2
Wiring .....	3-4
Preparing for Installation .....	3-5

# Unpacking the Boxes



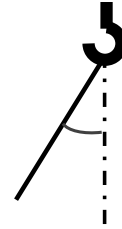
## WARNING:

Keep body and hands away when the equipment is being lowered. Non-compliance with these instructions could result in serious injuries.



## IMPORTANT:

The lifting must be done so that the angle is at most 30°.



**NOTE:** When unloading, at least two qualified technicians should be present (lift truck operators, crane operators).



## IMPORTANT:

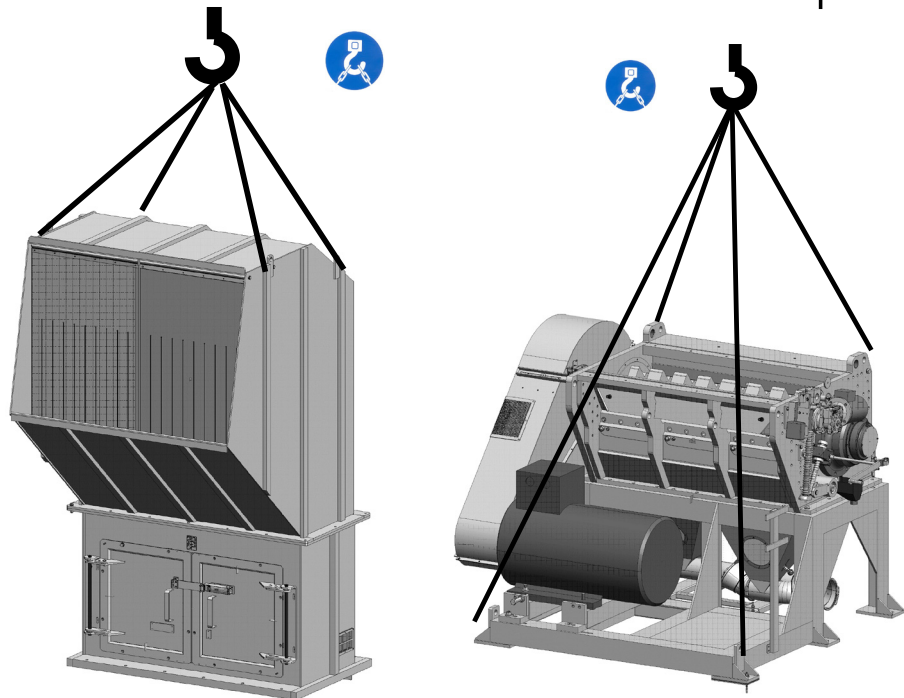
For machine lifting, please only use the ring on the hopper installed on the motor side as per the drawing to the right.



## WARNING:

Personnel must not walk under or pass by goods being loaded/unloaded. The same goes for the signaler who shall provide assistance for handling.

Conair refuses all responsibility concerning this step which must be carried out by qualified industrial machinery handling personnel (lift truck operators, slingers), provided with the required protective equipment (overalls, safety shoes, work gloves, helmet, goggles).



Approximate Weight lb {kg}	3241	3262	3560	3580
Installed	20,900 {9500}	24,860 {11,300}	33,000 {15,000}	39,600 {18,000}
Shipping	23,000 {10,433}	27,000 {12,247}	35,500 {16,103}	42,500 {19,278}

Upon receiving the shipment, always perform a thorough inspection of the contents and compare it to the enclosed packing list. Make sure all parts listed are present and that no visible damage exists.

Inspect all of the equipment in the presence of the freight carrier's representative for damage during shipment. Note any damage on the delivery receipt before signing it. If damage is evident, file a claim immediately against the carrier as it is their responsibility to pay for any damage incurred during shipping. Make sure to include a detailed report of the damage along with photos.

Conair granulators come in one or more boxes/skids depending on the model and options ordered. Depending on which model is ordered, the granulator may come fully assembled as a single unit, or as a base and hopper separated, in addition to any other options ordered as part of your granulating system.

## Unpacking the Boxes (Continued)

- 1 Carefully remove the granulator and components from their shipping container(s).** Note that the granulator is secured to its shipping container.
- 2 Unbolt any additional items secured to the shipping pallet.**
- 3 Remove all packing material,** protective paper, tape and plastic.
- 4 Identify all components** supplied with the selected configuration, and carefully inspect all components to make sure no damage occurred during shipping and that you have all the necessary hardware.
- 5 Take a moment to record serial numbers** and electrical power specifications in the blanks provided on the back of this User Guide's title page. The information will be helpful if you ever need service or parts.

The standard machine does not include auxiliary moveable parts, hence the installation phase is easy and quick.

In the case of particular configurations, some components may be supplied separately from the granulator. In this case, it will be necessary to refer to the diagram specified in the order confirmation.

The granulator is easy to install, if you plan the location and prepare the area properly.



**WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.**

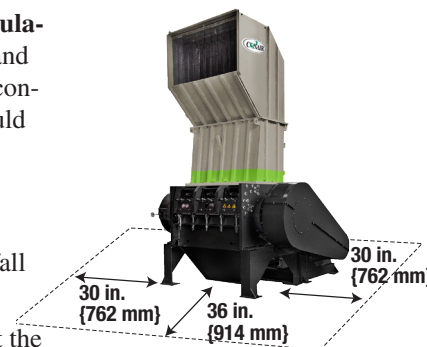


This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects, and circuit breakers should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.

Make sure the installation area provides:

- A three-phase power source supplying the correct current for your granulator.** Check the serial tag on the unit for required voltage, phase, frequency, and full load amps. Check the last page of the electrical power prints for the disconnect circuit breaker size and minimum wire connection size. All wiring should be completed by qualified personnel and should comply with your region's electrical codes.
- A clean, well-ventilated environment.** The room temperature should not exceed 104° F {40° C} with 95% non-condensing humidity and should not fall below 32° F {0° C}.
- Minimum clearance for safe operation and maintenance.** The diagram at the right shows minimum clearance for operation. You also need enough clearance in rear for water hookups. For maintenance, you should move the granulator to provide at least 36 in. {91 cm} on any side of the granulator. Additionally, your required electrical codes may require a larger service area in front of the electrical panel.



# Wiring

This operation must be carried out by a qualified technician (electrician).



**WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.**



This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of equipment.

All wiring, disconnects, and fuses should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.

Before connecting the equipment to the main power, it is necessary to:

- Check if the voltage shown on the equipment matches the power supply voltage (permissible variation: voltage  $\pm 10\%$ , mains frequency:  $\pm 2\%$ ).
- Make sure the ground system is properly connected to the outlet.
- Make sure the electric panel power supply line is able to supply power at least equal to the power on the machine (including the motor breakaway current).
- The equipment has a connection cable (3-poles + ground) with a suitable cross section. It must be connected - in accordance with the user's country current regulations - to a suitable plug (not supplied), according to the customer's needs.
- Make sure the equipment is not crushing the power cable.
- Protect the power supply line from over-voltage (e.g. atmospheric discharges).
- Protect the power supply line from thermal or magnetic over-voltage with appropriately coordinated devices (circuit breakers or automatic switches).

The neutral is not normally used with Conair equipment. If this is required, its use should be previously agreed with the user.

# Preparing for Installation

## Preventative Granulator Cleaning

In order to protect the cutting chamber, Conair covers the equipment with a layer of lubricant. It is recommended this layer be removed using a non-corrosive detergent before starting up.



### **DANGER: Sharp Knives**

Most injuries caused by knives occur when the granulator has been turned off. Handle knives with care at all times.

- Always wear cut-resistant gloves when the granulator chamber is open and when handling knives.
- Always lock out power to the granulator before opening the granulator chamber.



## Direction of Rotation of Motor

Reverse phases if the motor runs opposite the direction shown by the arrow located on the belt guard casing.



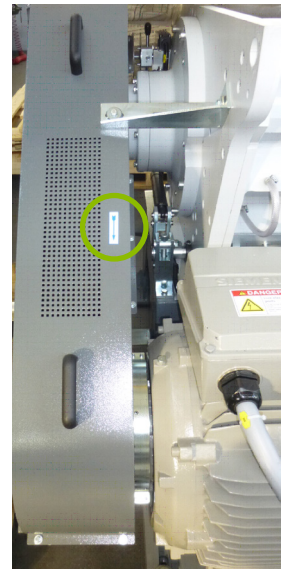
### **WARNING: Voltage hazard**



This equipment is powered by three-phase alternating current, as specified on the equipment serial tag and data plate.

A properly sized conductive ground wire from the incoming power supply must be connected to the chassis ground terminal inside the electrical enclosure. Improper grounding can result in severe personal injury and erratic machine operation.

Always disconnect and lock out the incoming main power source before opening the electrical enclosure or performing non-standard operating procedures, such as routine maintenance. Only qualified personnel should perform troubleshooting procedures that require access to the electrical enclosure while power is on.

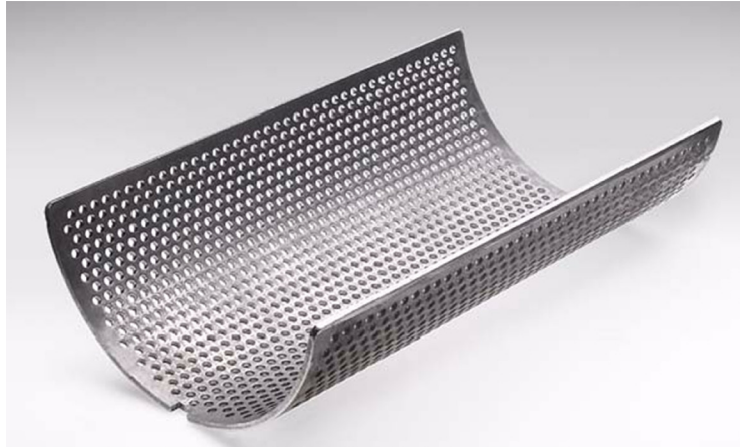


(Continued)

## Preparing for Installation (Continued)

### Screen

Before operating the equipment, it is necessary to check if the screen is properly fixed to the support and if it is suitable for the granule size required for production (*see the Maintenance section*).



### Rotor Knives and Fixed Knives

Before operating the equipment, it is necessary to check if the knives are intact, properly fixed to the support, and properly adjusted (*see the Maintenance section*). This inspection may be left out if the installation is carried out by Conair technicians.



#### **DANGER: Sharp Knives**

Most injuries caused by knives occur when the granulator has been turned off. Handle knives with care at all times.

- Always wear cut-resistant gloves when the cutting chamber is open and when handling knives.
- Always lock out power to the granulator before opening the cutting chamber.



# Operation

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General Information .....	4-2
Front Panel Controls .....	4-2
Operation of the Granulator .....	4-3
Inspections and Optional Tests of Safety Devices .....	4-3
Irregular Situations, Emergencies, and Alarms .....	4-3
Stopping the Granulator .....	4-4

# General Information

If all installation procedures mentioned so far have been carried out, the granulator is ready for operation. It is now possible to start up the granulator.



## **WARNING:**

Every granulator startup should take place with granulator totally empty.

# Front Panel Controls

*Refer to electrical drawings that shipped with your equipment.*

The main control panel components are:

- **Door-lock main switch/lockout device**  
This acts directly on the main switch: position “0” cuts off power supply to the electric control panel in order to open the electric control panel door; position “1” connects the circuit to the power supply mains.

- **Start button and stop button**


Each motor in the system is controlled by start and stop buttons.

The following conditions are required for operation:

- Main switch/lockout device closed (panel on);
- Stop/Emergency stop button inactive (released);
- Guards closed, and
- No damage to the electromechanical components inside the electric control panel.

The motor starts and the pilot indication light illuminates when the start button is pressed. When the stop button is pressed, the motor stops. Power to the control panel remains.

- **Emergency Stop button (red mushroom push-button with a yellow background)**  
If this button - which should be used only in case of danger - is pressed during normal operation, it will open the control circuit, thereby cutting off power to the motors.


 **NOTE:** If the Emergency Stop button has been pressed during the cutting phase, with material inside the cutting chamber, clean the chamber before resetting the emergency button. This is done in order to avoid rotor blockage and belt slippage.

To start up the machine again, after eliminating the emergency condition, reset the emergency stop and turn it counterclockwise. Then press the start button.

There could be other buttons on the panel: for more information, see attached wiring diagram.

## Operation of the Granulator

This type of procedure is used to check the machine when running **idle**, in other words without material inside.

 **NOTE:** In order to avoid problems with the next startup, the granulator must be stopped when the cutting chamber is empty.

Before starting the machine with material, it is absolutely necessary to check the machine when it is running idle.

- 1** Power the machine by turning the main switch.
- 2** Press the start button.
- 3** Wait for the rotor to start and ramp to speed.
- 4** Stop the machine with the stop button.
- 5** Allow the rotor to come to a complete stop.

## Safety Check

The movable guards are electro-mechanically unlocked with a delay time that can be set as soon as the machine is switched off.

If the control panel is supplied by Conair, the delay time can be factory set during the electrical testing phase to allow all moving parts to stop completely.

If the control panel is not supplied by Conair, during the electrical testing phase the system's user must set a delay time of at least 30 seconds longer than the stopping time of all moving parts from when the machine is switched off.

The stopping time may vary slightly over time.

The stopping time must be checked annually with the machine empty and the delay time has to be set according to the above rule, but no matter what, it must never be less than the previous setting.


After setting the delay, check that it is correct by testing its unlocking action.

## Inspections and Operational Tests of Safety Devices


Inspections and operational tests of the safety devices installed on the granulator **must** be carried out before starting up the granulator and at least every week after starting up the machine.

- Visual inspection for possible damage and correct positioning of the guards.
- The test is carried out by starting the granulator with a manual sequence.

## Irregular Situations, Emergencies, and Alarms

 **NOTE:** If any irregular functioning situations described in the troubleshooting table occur, the operator should stop the machine. Only qualified personnel are allowed to eliminate the causes that have produced such irregular operation.

# Stopping the Granulator

 **NOTE:** In order to avoid problems with the next startup, the granulator must be stopped when the cutting chamber is empty.

## Temporary Stop

- 1 Press the Emergency Stop button to stop temporarily.

## Stopping the Machine for an Extended Period

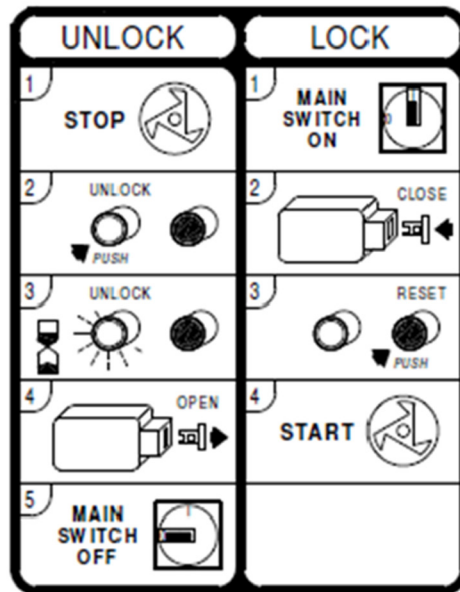
For example at the end of the working day:

- 1 Press motor stop button.
- 2 Disconnect the power supply mains.

## Micro Switch Opening and Closing Sequence (with Electro-magnetic Unlock)

### Opening

- 1 Press the Stop button on the electric control panel.
- 2 Press the micro-switch using the button on the electric control panel.
- 3 Wait until the indicator for unlocking the microswitch switches ON steadily (the time is set by the manufacturer).
- 4 Open the interlocked movable guards (key extraction).
- 5 Set the control panel's main electrical switch in 0 (OFF) position.



### Closing

- 1 Close the removable guards.
- 2 Close the micro-switch.
- 3 Set the control panel's main electrical switch in 1 (ON) position.
- 4 Press the granulator Reset button on the electric control panel.
- 5 Press the granulator Start button on the electric control panel.

# Stopping the Granulator (Continued)

## Resetting

Before restarting the granulator, it is necessary to:

- 1** Check the hopper and discharge device lockup so that the safety limit switches can allow the start up operation (guards in correct position).
- 2** Press the start button on the front panel to start the granulator.



# Maintenance

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Maintenance of Your Granulator.....	5-1
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Cleaning .....	5-3
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# Maintenance of Your Granulator

Depending on which features, options, and additions you ordered with your granulator, your maintenance procedures may differ from what is shown in this user guide. Please note that all illustrations, photos, and instructions are based on a typical configuration of a granulator. Always refer to the wiring diagrams and other documentation - including manuals from the manufacturer, and parts used on your granulator - when completing any maintenance or troubleshooting tasks.

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960.  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814-437-6861.

If you have any questions or concerns about your granulator, feel free to call Conair's Parts and Service departments for assistance.

## Preventative Maintenance Schedule

Once the granulator is in service, we suggest following the maintenance procedures as described. The importance of a properly established preventive maintenance program cannot be overemphasized. Taking the time to follow these simple procedures will result in substantially reduced downtime, reduced repair costs, and an extended useful lifetime for the unit. However, to maintain the best performance, we recommend the following maintenance schedule.

- **Daily or as often as necessary.**
  - Remove bin and screen/clean**
  - Disassemble rotor knives and fixed knives.**
  - Sharpen rotor knives and fixed knives.**
  - Assemble and adjust the clearance between rotor knives and fixed knives.**
  - Clean cutting chamber.**
  - Check and clean motor**
  - Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence**
  - Perform maintenance on the hopper.**
  - Check water circulation system.**
  - Keep the unit and the area around it clean.**  
Check for and remove lint, dust, or other obstructions on the granulator, especially around air vent areas. Keep floor around the unit dry.
  
- **Monthly or as often as necessary.**
  - Inspect safety devices.**
  - Replace Flaps**
  
- **Quarterly (every three months) or as often as necessary.**
  - Grease bearings.**
  
- **Every six months or as often as necessary.**
  - Check / Replace drive belt.**
  - Perform maintenance on taper-locking bushings.**

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814-437-6861

# Accessing the Granulator Enclosure

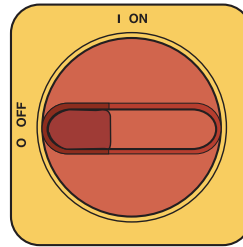
Depending on which model, features, options, and additions you ordered with your equipment, it may appear different and operate differently from the illustrations and photos shown in this user guide.



## **WARNING: Electrical shock and hot surface hazards.**



Before attempting maintenance of any kind on the granulator, you must stop the unit, disconnect and lockout the main power supply, and allow the unit to cool to less than 100°F {38°C}.



## **WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.**



This equipment should be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects, and circuit breakers should be installed by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.

## Cleaning

Clean the granulator only when it is stopped and without power.

## Safety Devices


After the beginning of each shift, check the operation of the emergency push-buttons. After starting the motor, press the emergency button: the motor must stop. The control must also include photocells, limit switches on the gates and doors of protection, and other safety devices may be installed.

If any sensors do not work, contact Conair technical support.

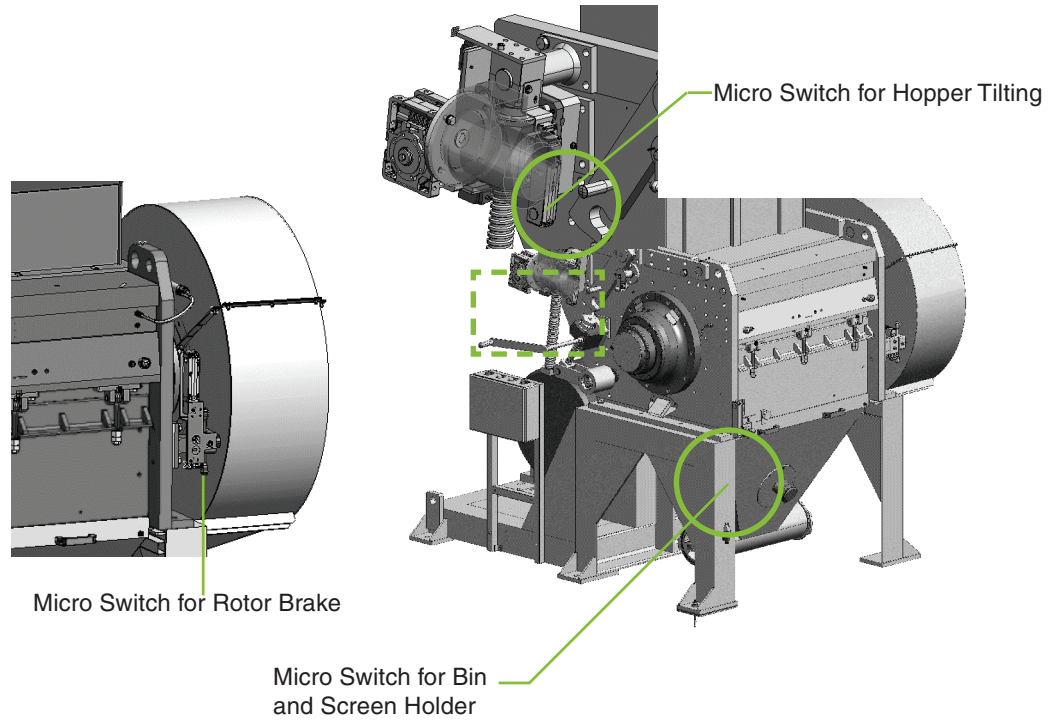
**IMPORTANT:** Do not modify any of the safety devices.

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814-437-6861

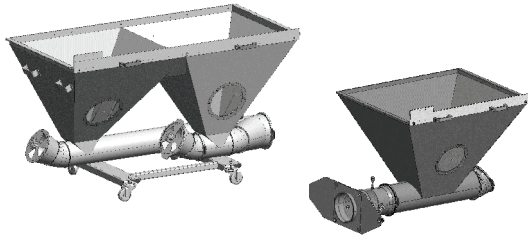
# Safety Devices - Inspection


 **NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

These activities, which must be carried out according to the preventative maintenance schedule, will make it possible to identify failures before starting work activities. Electrical devices that need to be checked are: limit switches on removable guards, the emergency stop button, and other options ordered.

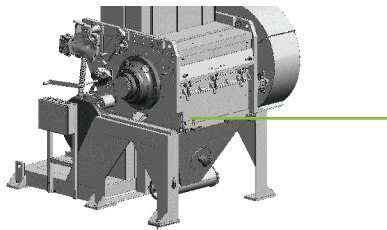


# Bin and Screen Removal and Insertion Sequence



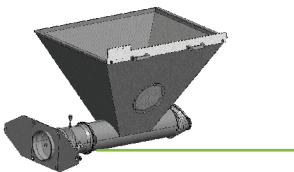
 **NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

## Bin Removal Sequence

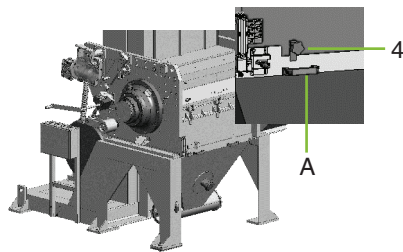


**1** Press the emergency stop pushbutton on the electric panel.

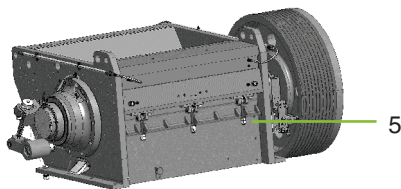
**2** Release the safety micro switch.



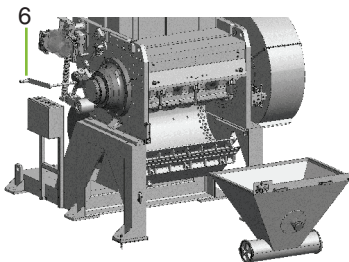
**3** Disconnect the bin suction pipe.




**4** Loosen the stay of the discharge bin and pull out the bin with the handle (A).



**5** Loosen the nuts of the bolts until completely removed.



**6** Use the jack to keep the screen-holder completely open, then remove the screen.

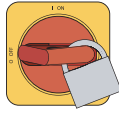
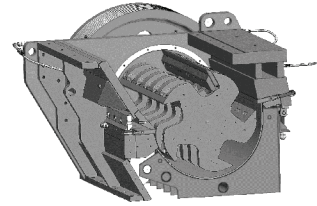
 **NOTE:** Clean the screen-holder (vacuum, eliminate lodged material) without striking, deforming, or scraping it. Clean the screen without scratching or deforming it

## Bin Insertion Sequence

To insert the bin, follow the procedure shown in reverse order.

# Removal: Rotor Knives and Fixed Knives

When the granulator starts getting particularly noisy or when the ground material starts getting dusty, knives are no longer in good condition, and it is time to sharpen them.



To achieve this operation, follow the steps below.

**IMPORTANT:** Wear cut resistant gloves: **do not test the cutting edge of the knives, not even with gloves on.**

**NOTE:** Remember that the knives are hard and fragile. Do not bump or drop them.

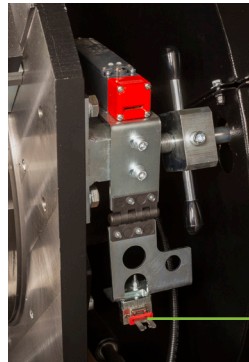
- 1 Disconnect and lock out the granulator.**
- 2 Check the alignment of the fixed knives** so that they can meet the rotor knives properly. If any metal parts accidentally go inside the granulator, chipping the cutting edge, the knives will have to be replaced.
- 3 Open the granulator only when you are sure the rotor has stopped.** By removing a knife, the shaft is thrown off balance and might start turning by itself. Before removing the knives, block the rotor with a softwood bar/block.



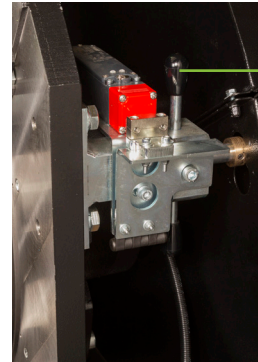
## Caution:

Before removing the knives: release the limit switch (Position 1) and turn the knob (Position 2) until the flywheel is locked.

## Rotor Lock



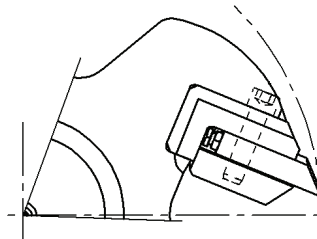
Position 1



Position 2

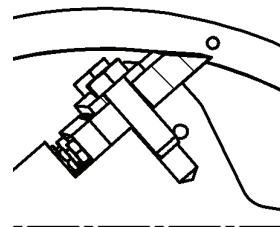
## Shaft 5 Knives

- 4 Loosen the knife bolts (1) until they can be extracted, allowing the removal of the knife (2). Repeat the same operation for the other knives.**



## Shaft 7 Knives

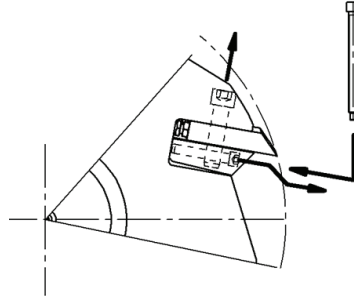
- 5 Loosen the knife bolts (1) until they can be extracted, allowing the removal of the knife (2). Repeat the same operation for the other knives.**



# Removal: Rotor Knives and Fixed Knives (Continued)

## Shaft 6 Knives

- 6** Loosen the knife bolts (1) Replace the hole protection screws of extraction of plate knives with extraction screws (2) in support of the machine and unlock the plate knives.

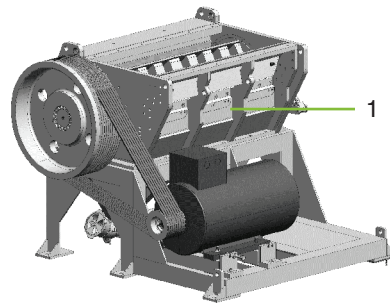


## Type 1 and Type 2 Fixed Knives Removal

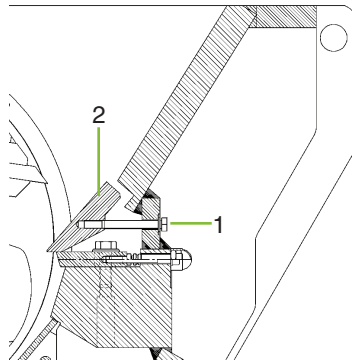
Overturn the screen-holder by following the indications described in the *“Bin and Screen Removal Sequence”* in the *Maintenance* section of this manual.

### Type 1 Fixed Knife

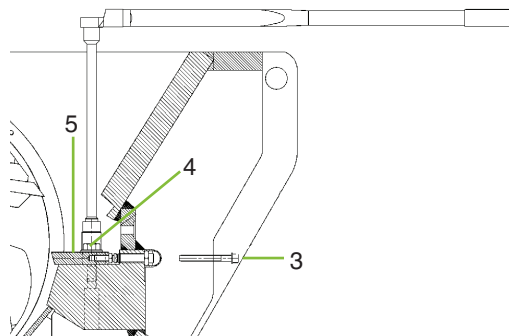
From the motor side of the machine (see figure) follow these steps to access the first fixed knife.



- 1** Loosen the fixing bolts of the access traverse(1).
- 2** Move the traverse forward with the head screw until it and the screw are removed (2).



- 3** Remove the fixed knife screw (3).
- 4** Loosen and remove the fixed knife screw (4) and remove the fixed knife (5).

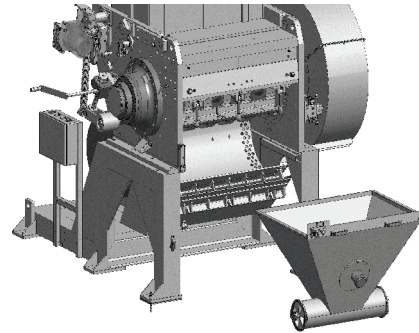


(Continued)

# Removal: Rotor Knives and Fixed Knives (Continued)

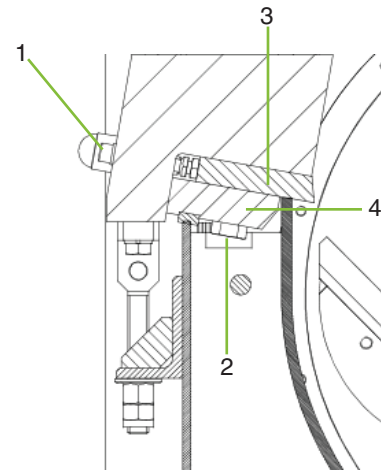
## Type 2 Fixed Knife

To remove the first fixed knife it is necessary to remove the bin and open the screen holder.

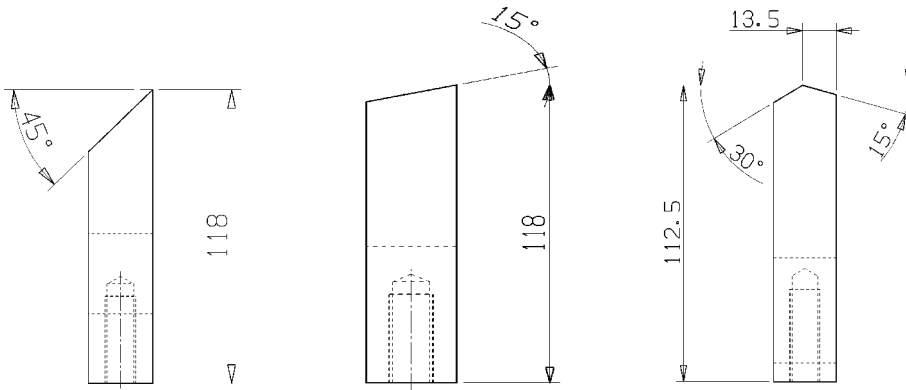


**1** Loosen the fastening screws of the fixed knife (1)

**2** Loosen and remove the screws (2) of the fixed knife (3) remove the plate (4) and the fixed knife



# Sharpening Knives



Knife with or without Carbide Tungsten Coating.

Fixed Knife with or without Carbide Tungsten Coating.

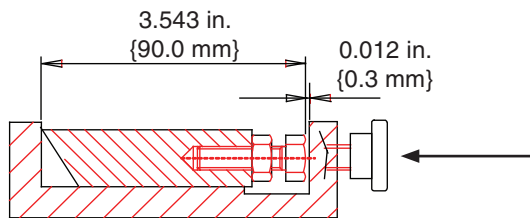
First Fixed Knife with or without Carbide Tungsten Coating.

**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

**IMPORTANT:** Wear cut resistant gloves. Do not test the cutting edge of the knives, not even when wearing gloves.

The rotor knives and fixed knives must be replaced when the height, after several sharpenings, reaches a min. of 2.80 in. {71 mm} (rotor knives) and of 2.80 in. {71 mm} (fixed knives) or when they are cracked/chipped. In this last case, thoroughly clean the machine as the metal splinter could cause serious damage.

After the sharpening, the rotor knives and fixed knives have to be pre-adjusted on a work bench by means of the suitable jig supplied by the manufacturers.



**NOTE:** Conair recommends having a spare set of knives on hand to minimize down time. Contact Conair Parts and Service Phone: 800-458-1960. From outside of the United States, Call: 814-437-6861.

**NOTE:** Insert a 0.012 in. {0.3 mm} thickness feeler gauge for rotor knives and fixed knives. Remove after adjustment.

When the granulator starts getting particularly noisy, or when the ground material starts getting dusty, the knives are no longer in good condition. It is time to sharpen them. Follow the steps below.

- 1 Check the alignment of the fixed knives.**
- 2 Replace the knives** if you notice any chipping of the cutting edge.
- 3 Sharpen the knives** according to the indications shown in the picture. The picture shows the angles required to achieve the best cutting conditions and preserve the knives' rotation length.

**NOTE:** Remember that the knives are hard and fragile. Do not bump or drop them.

## Sharpening Knives (Continued)

**IMPORTANT:** After sharpening, all knives must have the same height.

It should be noted that, if sharpening is not carried out according to these indications, the yield of the machine could decrease in terms of quality and productive capacity.

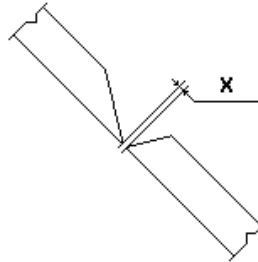
In order to avoid overheating the material with subsequent loss of hardness and toughness, sharpening should be carried out with plenty of cooling.

## Assembly and Adjustment of Clearance between the Rotor Knife and Fixed Knife

**IMPORTANT:** Wear cut resistant gloves. Do not test the cutting edge of the knives, even when wearing gloves.

Install the rotor knives and fixed knives by following the disassembly procedure in reverse order. Do not tighten the screws.

**IMPORTANT:** In order to guarantee a constant knife's rotation length, the movable knives (which are all sharpened at the same length), should be perfectly tight against the shaft shoulder. Then, tighten the screws with a torque wrench.



If the pre-adjustment has been made as per "[Sharpening Knives](#)" in the *Maintenance section*, the value X, relevant to the distance between rotor knives and fixed knives, must be 0.008 - 0.01 in. {0.2 - 0.25 mm} (cutting of general scraps).

### Tightening Check

Make sure all bolts and nuts are tightened by using a torque wrench.

Rotor knives are screwed to the rotor. It is important to check periodically if these screws are tight in order to prevent the rotor from jamming due to collisions between the rotor knives and fixed knives.

- 1** Manually and slowly turn the rotor assembly to check if it is free.
- 2** Close all the parts again and get the machine ready for operation.

# Assembly and Adjustment of Clearance between the Rotor Knife and Fixed Knife (Continued)

## Rotor Knives and Fixed Knives Fastening Screws Technical Features

Adjustment and torque table. Use a torque wrench to tighten the grade 8.8 bolts.

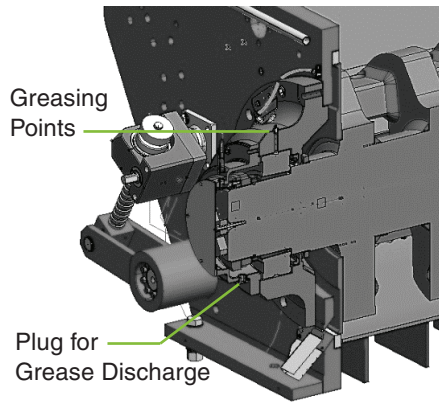
Rotor knives = M20 X 55 mm grade 8.8 tightening torque ~ 410 N·m

Fixed knives = M20 X 55 mm grade 8.8 tightening torque ~ 410 N·m

	Ms (lb-in.)	Ms (lb-ft.)	Ms (N·m)
M20	3,629	302	410

# Bearing Greasing

**IMPORTANT:** Refer to Section “ATTENTION: Read This So No One Gets Hurt.”



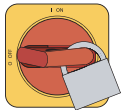
**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

**IMPORTANT:** Every three months check the integrity of the bearing.

Every three months, before greasing, it is necessary to check the bearing by ensuring that the residual clearance between the rotating disc and the fixed ring are within the values indicated in the table below

Pos.	Description
C1	0.9 - 0.3
C2	0.8 - 0.1

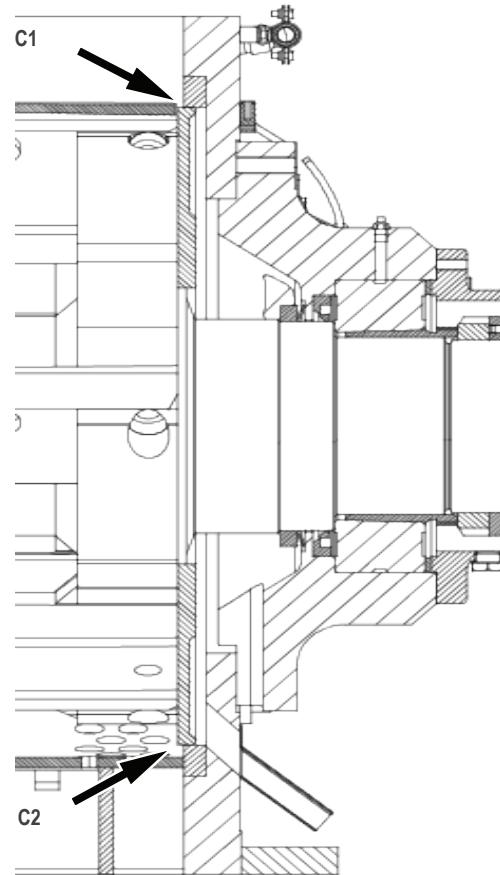
Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960.  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814-437-6861.



In order to carry out this operation, the bearing housings have been supplied with grease fittings.

Follow these steps.

- 1 Lockout/tag out the main power source.**
- 2 Use the emergency stop switch in order to prevent the machine from starting up when the power is switched on.**
- 3 Use the grease fittings as shown in the picture only when you are sure that the machine is not running.**
- 4 Unscrew the grease drain plug.**
- 5 Inject the grease in the grease fittings.**
- 6 Tighten the plug.**
- 7 Close all the parts again and reset electrical connections.**



# Bearing Greasing (Continued)

**8 Periodically (every 3 months) grease the bearing housings with multi-use lithium grease or equivalent** according to the features specified in the table:

Thickening agent (soap)	Lithium
Basic oil	Mineral
Consistency (NLGI)	3
Operating temperature range	-22 - 248°F {-30° - + 120°C}
Rust preventer additives	
Good water resistance	

Inject the grease in the grease fittings with a proper pump until greasing is completed. The periodicity of greasing also depends on the operating conditions of the machine.

Be careful when using grease: avoid contact with eyes. Do not disperse into the environment. *Please see the “Troubleshooting” section.*

**9 Never grease before the first startup** (unless otherwise specified). Thoroughly clean the grease fitting before each lubrication. Gently introduce the grease. If possible, slowly turn the shaft with gloved hands.

Over-greasing is harmful. It is preferred to grease frequently and in small quantities (about 0.35 oz. {10 gr.}). Never lubricate with oil - just grease. Do not mix different greases.

Greasing should be carried out with machine not running, and disconnected from the power.

**10 Close all the parts and reset electrical connections.**

It is recommended to use only the required amount of grease. If necessary, remove excess lubricant, grease, or redundant graphite with a cloth.

Excess or too little lubricant may cause inconsistent machine operation.

Use only recommended lubricants or lubricants with equivalent features. Lubricants should be qualitatively known and tested.

## Ball Bearings

The ISO 281 Standards rates the endurance of a ball bearing according to the number of revolutions it can reach before any fatigue phenomena start to occur on one of its races or rolling parts.

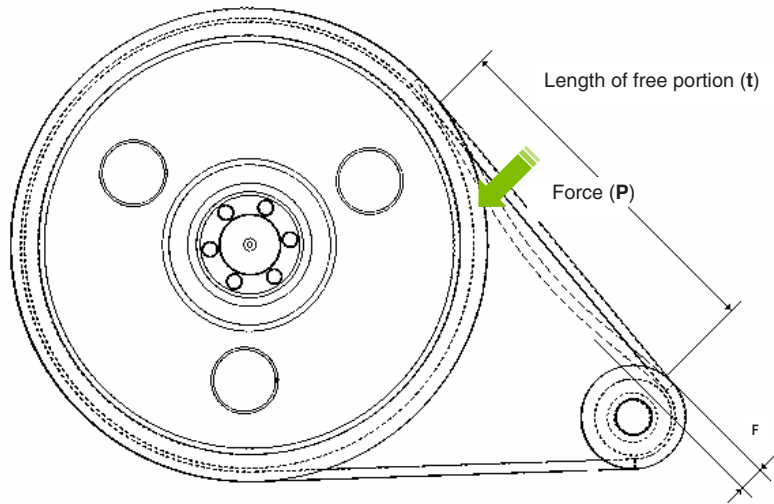
Identical and functional bearings (both those to be tested in a lab and those used for practical purposes) used in identical conditions, may have different durabilities.

**IMPORTANT:** Be careful when using grease: avoid contact with eyes. Do not disperse into the environment. *Refer to the “Troubleshooting” section of this manual.*

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960.  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814-437-6861.

# Drive Belt Inspection

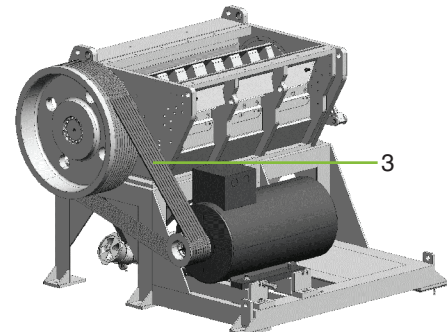
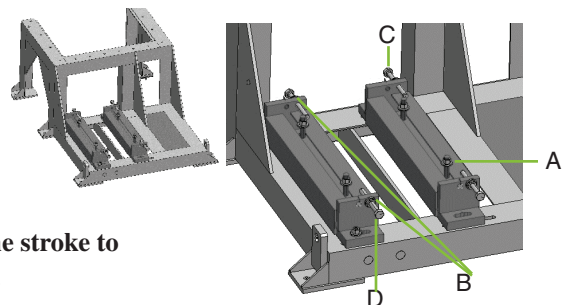
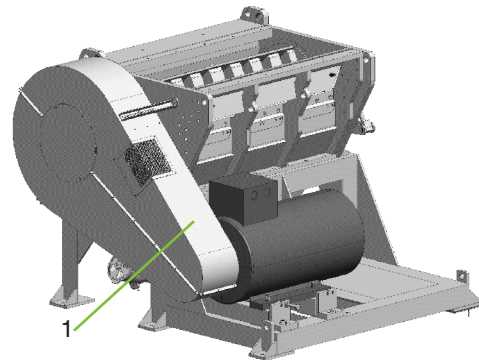
**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.



## Belt Replacement

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960.  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814-437-6861.

- 1** Lockout/tagout the main power.
- 2** Belts must be replaced by qualified personnel only.
- 3** Replace belts only when belt drive is NOT running.
- 4** Make sure the electric power is off.
- 5** Remove the cover (1)
- 6** Reduce the distance between the pulleys by sliding the motor and by loosening the four bolts (A) and the counter-pressure screws (B). Loosen the screws (C). Tighten the screws (D). Push the motor to the end of the stroke to release the tension on the belts.
- 7** Remove belts to be replaced (3).
- 8** Always replace all belts at the same time with belts of the same specifications.
- 9** Always install all required belts.
- 10** Use the same belts as those supplied with the machine. If that is not possible, make sure that: the cross-section of the belt is suitable and can be used with the pulley (the belt is, to a feasible extent, as long as the original belt).



(Continued)

# Drive Belt Inspection (Continued)

## Belt Installation

Before positioning the belts on the pulleys, check the following:

- Wear of pulley grooves. If the grooves are worn out, it is highly recommended that they be replaced. Otherwise, the belts will quickly start to deteriorate.
- Cleanness of the sides of the pulley grooves which could have traces of oil or sediment.

When installing, the belt should not be forced into the pulley grooves with a tool. Generally, for easy installation, just reduce the distance between the pulleys or the tension of the tightener; otherwise, it will be necessary to remove at least one of the pulleys.

To ensure proper operation and avoid an untimely rupture, the belts should be stored without any heavy creases and should not be exposed to extremely high or low temperatures or to high dampness.

Each drive should be protected to ensure the safety of persons and to prevent abrasive or improper material from damaging the pulleys.

Install the belts by following the above-mentioned disassembly procedure in reverse order.

## Drive Tensioning

- Pulley alignment. Perfect alignment should be achieved in order to guarantee a long lifetime of belts.
- Use belts of the same production batch.
- The best tension is the lowest possible that still allows proper operation without slipping. Low tension does not make the belt slip under maximum load conditions.
- Frequently check the tension during the first 24/48 running-in hours.
- Over-tensioning can reduce life of the belt and of the bearings.
- Keep belts free from any improper material which may cause slippage.
- Check drive periodically. Tension it when it starts slipping.



**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

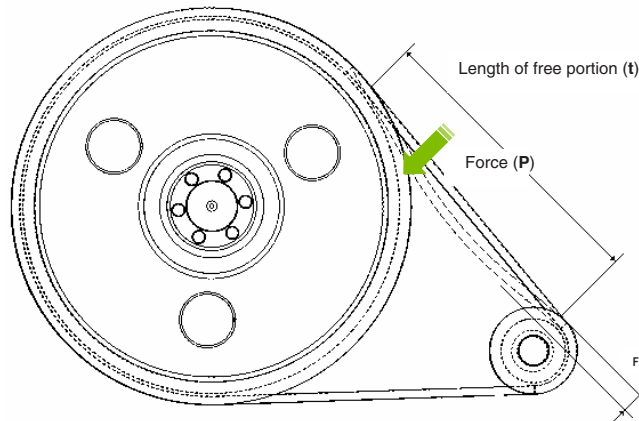
(Continued)

# Drive Belt Inspection (Continued)

**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

Use the following procedure to check belt tension mechanically:

- 1 Use a dynamometer, measuring range from 0 to 100 N, applied on the center line of the belt free branch.



- 2 Pull the dynamometer perpendicular to the belt in order to obtain the deflection distance indicated in the table below.
- 3 Read the deflection force value.
- 4 **Increase the belt tension** if the deflection force value is lower than the value indicated in the table. Reduce the tension on the belt if the value of the deflection force is higher.
- 5 **Check the tensioning on all the belts.**

Use the following procedure to check belt tension electronically:

- 1 **Use a sonic tension meter, measuring range from 10 to 500 Hz, and refer to the device manufacturer's instructions.**

The measurement must respect the values indicated in the table below.

Depending on the brand of belts used, the tensioning parameters must be supplied by the manufacturer.

To calculate the tensioning parameters of belts of other brands, provide the retailer or the manufacturer with the following parameters:

	Parameters	Belts Continental
<b>Kw110</b>	Engine power and speed: see engine data plate D primitive engine pulley = 265mm 8 grooves XPC D primitive flywheel pulley = 1000mm 8 grooves XPC Number and type of belt = No.8 XPC Belt length = 4750mm Service coefficient $\geq 1.55$	Deflection of the belt 33.29 mm Force of the deflection first assembly 125 N Frequency of the belt 21 Hz
<b>Kw 132</b>	Engine power and speed: see engine data plate D primitive engine pulley = 265mm 8 grooves XPC D primitive flywheel pulley = 1000mm 8 grooves XPC Number and type of belt = No.8 XPC Belt length = 4750mm Service coefficient $\geq 1.55$	Deflection of the belt 29.22 mm Force of the deflection first assembly 125 N Frequency of the belt 22 Hz

**NOTE:** It is possible that the values of the deflection force are slightly different from the first verified belt, because the belts may be slightly different in length. Keep the values within the 3 N range is acceptable. If the deflection force values deviate more, it is possible that the belts were not purchased from the same batch of fabrication; in this case it is advisable to replace them.

**NOTE:** After two weeks from the first start up, check the tension of the belts and, if needed, adjust them.

**NOTE:** Before positioning the belts on the pulleys, check the wear of pulley grooves and clean them.

**NOTE:** When installing, the belt should not be forced into the pulley grooves with a tool.

# Taper-lock Bushing

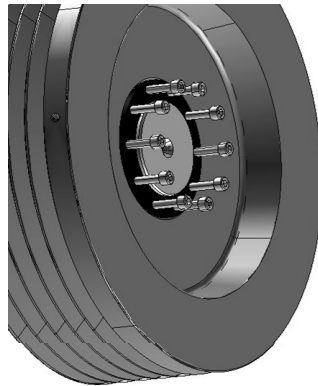
## ASSEMBLY

Screw when being tightened



## DISASSEMBLY

Loosen tightening screw



**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

A taper-lock bushing is a connection component that allows a driving transmission. The granulator is equipped with a taper-lock bushing mounted on the flywheel pulley.

This is a self-centering-self-locking element.

## Removal Instructions

- 1 Loosen and remove all tightening screws.**
- 2 Fit the screws in the front cone removal threading.**
- 3 Gradually tighten the screws in a crisscross sequence** until the first cone is freed.
- 4 Manually tighten the screws** until they start to oppose resistance again.
- 5 Gradually tighten the screws again in a crisscross sequence** until the second cone is freed, hence freeing the whole self-locking element.
- 6 Take the taper-lock bushing off the shaft and off the hub.**

## Reusing the Taper-lock Bushing

- 1 Thoroughly clean the taper-lock bushing surfaces.**
- 2 Slightly oil the surfaces.**
- 3 Reinstall the cones in their original position.** Make sure the removal threading matches the flat reaction surface.
- 4 Repeat the same assembly and disassembly procedures.**

(Continued)

# Taper-lock Bushing (Continued)

## Installation Instructions

- 1** Thoroughly clean the contact surfaces of the shaft and hub and then apply a thin film of fluid mineral oil on them.
- 2** Make sure the tolerances fall within the permissible range ( $h8/H8$ ), and then fit the self-locking element between the shaft and hub. Make sure the adjustment of the slots of the tightening cones are opposed to the right and to the left and adjust the shell slots downwards.
- 3** When the hub shows a centering base, **loosen all screws before installing the element in the housing.** Remove two screws and fit them in the removal threading in order to move the two cones away as far as possible. By doing so, the assembly and disassembly operations will be easier. Before starting to tighten, remember to put the two screws back into their holes.
- 4** Manually tighten the screws until the cones contact the shaft and the outer ring contacts the hub.
- 5** Tighten the screws in a crisscross sequence by using a calibrated torque wrench. Continue until you reach 50% of the torque value specified for the screws in the table (see Figure 1).
- 6** Repeat the same operation in a crisscross sequence and with **torque wrench calibrated at 100% of the value specified in the table.**
- 7** Check again if the torque of the screws is equal to the torque shown in the table by executing 2.5 revolutions clockwise (see Figure 2).
- 8** When the two and a half revolutions have been executed to tighten the screws at their rated torque, **the torque wrench (calibrated at 60% of the rated tightening torque value) must trigger.**

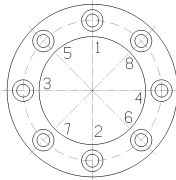


Figure 1

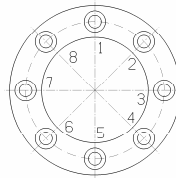



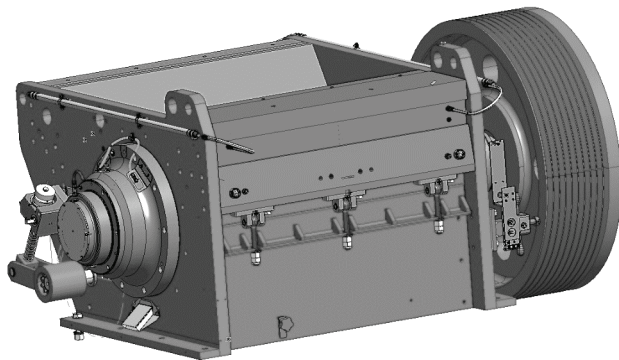
Figure 2


 **NOTE:** The actuator is supplied complete with lifetime grease. Maintenance is necessary only in case of grease leak or damages; in this case use grease type “SHELL SUPER GREASE AM”, quantity 3.5 oz. {100 g}. for each 3.9 in. {100 mm} for each 3.9 in. {100 mm} of stroke.

No other additional action is required after this operation.

Coarse Pitch Screws CLASS 12.9			LEGEND: MA = (Deca-newton, N·m meters) 12.9 = Class unified by screw manufacturers according to the material resistance values.
Mean Friction Factor $\mu=0.14$			
Coarse pitch	MA (lb-ft)	MA {N·m}	
M 6	1.3	1.7	
M 8	3.0	4.1	
M 10	6.1	8.3	
M 12	10.7	14.5	
M 14	17.0	23.0	
M 16	26.2	35.5	
M 18	35.8	48.5	
M 20	50.9	69.0	
M 22	68.6	93.0	
M 24	88.5	120	
M 27	132.8	180	
M 30	177.0	240	

# Cutting Chamber Cleaning



 **NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

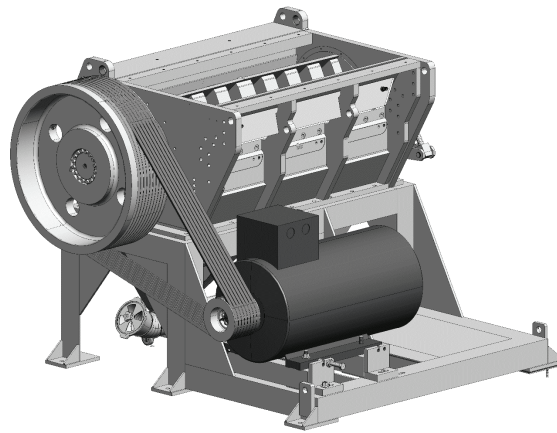
Every time different colored material is used, thoroughly clean the screen cutting chamber as well as the bin with compressed air and/or with an aspirator.

In order to access the cutting chamber, *see “Hopper Open/Tilt Sequence”, and “Bin and Screen Removal Sequence” in this section of the manual.*

Knives are sharp and fragile. Keep hands and body away from the knife’s rotation length. If needed, turn the shaft with a softwood board.

- 1 Remove any material twisted around the ends of the shaft** with pliers or tongs.
- 2 Keep the shaft from accidentally turning by using a block made of softwood.**
- 3 Install the screen again** (every time the knife is sharpened, turn the screen to prevent the holes from being ovalized and eventually replaced).
- 4 Close the screen-holder.**
- 5 Reposition the bin** (make sure it is empty).
- 6 Make sure that the cutting chamber is empty and that the knives are properly positioned and in good condition.**
- 7 Close the hopper** and make sure that its supporting surface is clean.
- 8 Make sure that all guards are in place and fully efficient.** Otherwise, stop and warn the foreman.

# Electric Motor



- 1** Check the fans of the electric motor annually and clean them with compressed air.

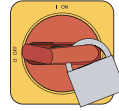
*For more information about maintenance see motor engine manual.*


# Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence

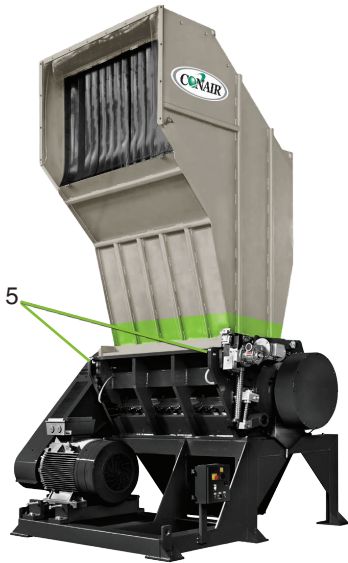
## Sequence to Tilt the Hopper with a Manual Jack

Before opening/tilting the hopper, perform the following steps.

- 1 Disconnect and lock out the power.**
- 2 Press the machine stop button on the electric panel.**
- 3 Unlock the microswitch** using the button on the electric panel.
- 4 Wait until the indicator for unlocking the microswitch switches is ON** (the time is set by the manufacturer).



 **NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

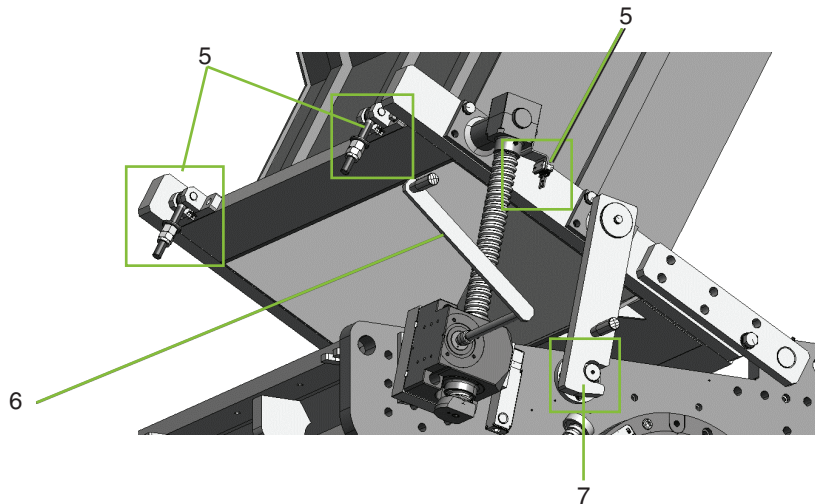


- 5 Loosen the screws or the tie-rods that secure the hopper to the casing (5)**

### **WARNING:**

Before operating the actuator for the hopper lifting, be sure that the stay bolts are completely released.

- 6 Actuate the jack (6) until it is opened completely, i.e. until the safety bar engages the seat obtained (7).**
- 7 De-energise the main power switch.**

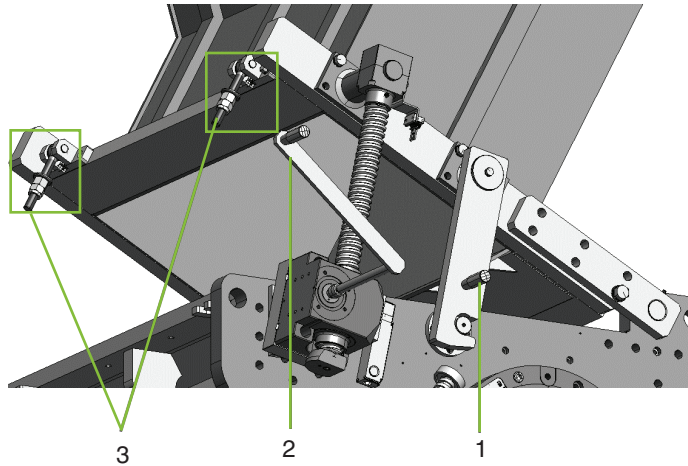


(Continued)

# Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence (Continued)

**ATTENTION:** Wait until the machine is cool before beginning maintenance.

## Closing the Hopper with a Manual Jack



- 1** Grasp the lever with one hand (1) on the safety bar and move it from its seat disengaging it.



### **WARNING:**

Before operating the actuator for the hopper lifting, be sure that the stay bolts are completely released.

- 2** With the other hand, disengage the lever while grasping the jack handle (2) and actuating it to lower the hopper.
- 3** Re-tighten the screws or the tie-rods (3) that secure the hopper and the cutting chamber.
- 4** Reset the microswitch using the reset button.
- 5** Press the start button on the electric panel to restart the machine.
- 6** Cover the cutting chamber in order to prevent material or tools from accidentally falling inside of it.
- 7** Clean the hopper (vacuum lodged material) without striking it, deforming it, or scraping it. Use a bag to collect scrap (do not scatter it).
- 8** Always make sure that the machine is stable and that, when moving the hopper, it cannot strike anything or anyone.
- 9** Remove the covering on the cutting chamber and clean the chamber with an aspirator.



**NOTE:** If the machine is provided with an insulation box, open it and proceed as described above.

# Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence (Continued)

## Sequence to Tilt the Hopper with a Motorized Jack

Before opening/tilting the hopper, perform the following steps.

**ATTENTION:** Wait until the machine is cool before beginning maintenance.

- 1** Press the machine stop button on the electric panel.
- 2** Unlock the microswitch using the button on the electric panel.
- 3** Wait until the indicator for unlocking the microswitch switches is ON (the time is set by the manufacturer).

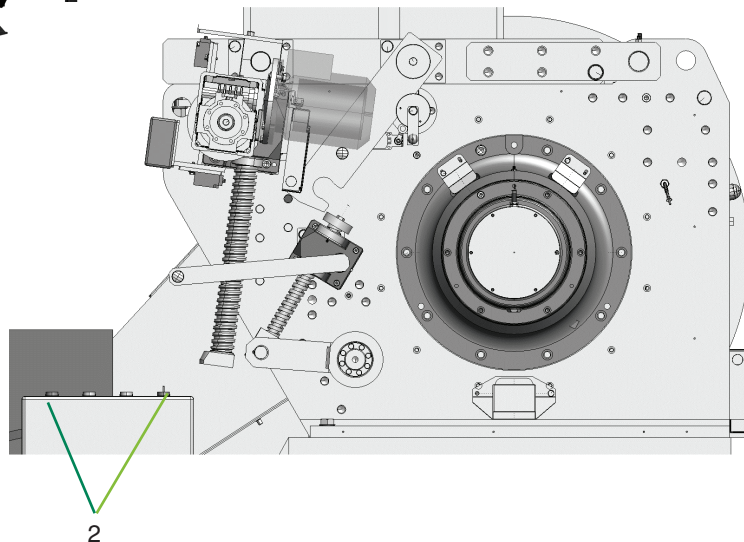
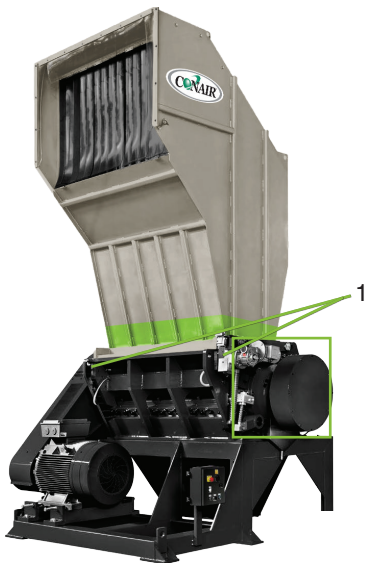
- 4** Loosen the screws or the tie-rods that secure the hopper to the casing (1)



### WARNING:

Before operating the actuator for the hopper lifting, be sure that the stay bolts are completely released.

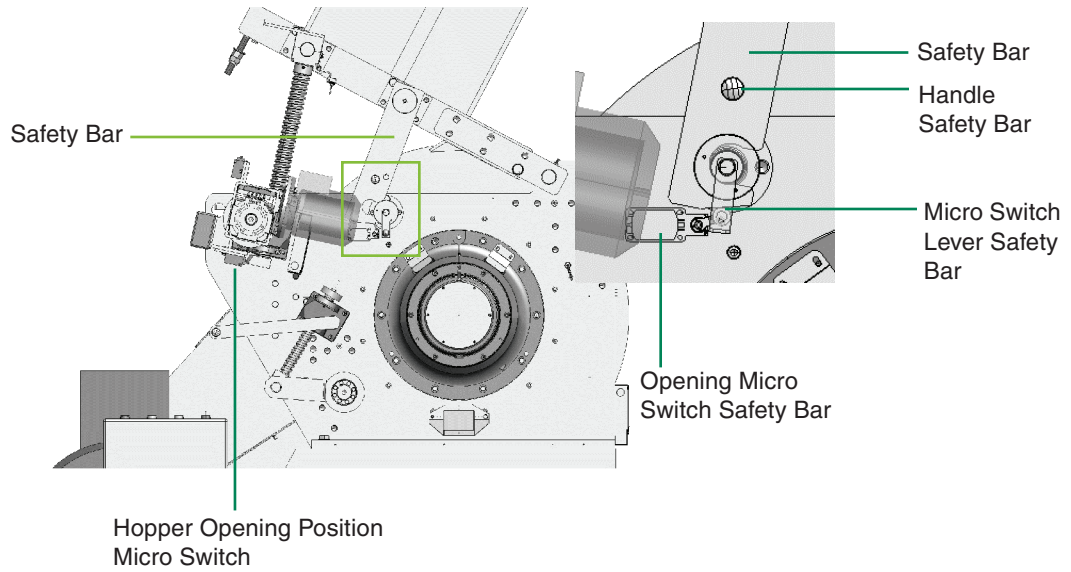
- 5** Set the selector on the junction box in the opening position and actuate the jack by pressing the two buttons (2).



**ATTENTION:** Wait until the machine is cool before beginning maintenance.

## Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence (Continued)

### Sequence to Tilt the Hopper with a Motorized Jack



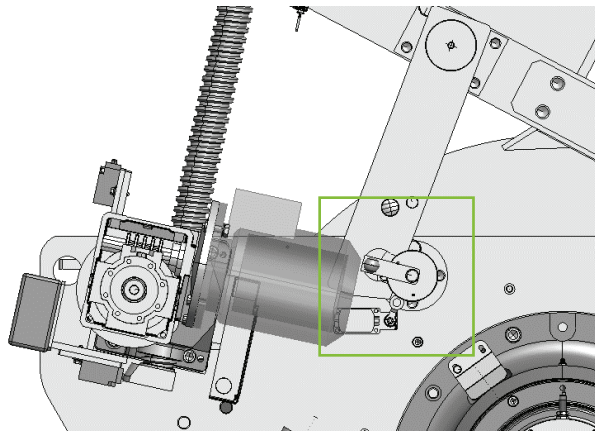
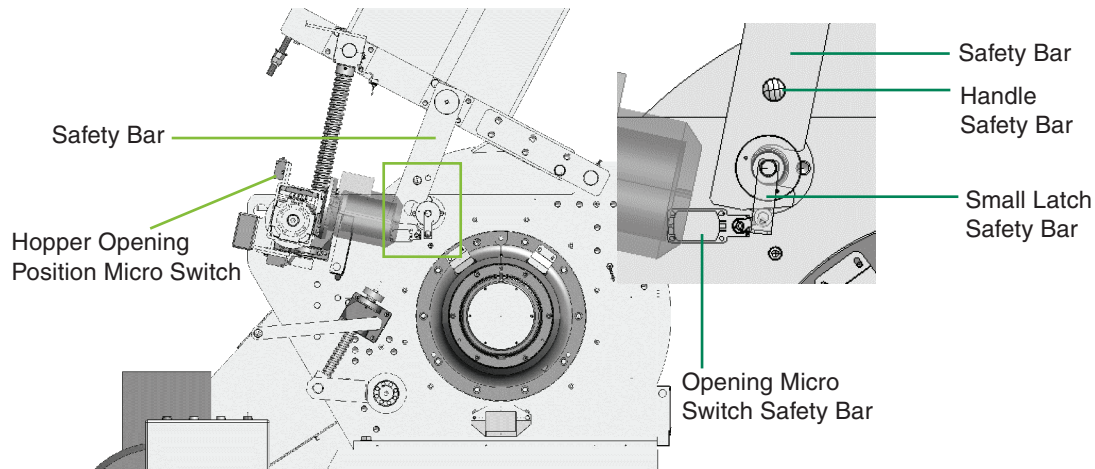
**NOTE:** A position micro switch checks that the hopper is fully opened..

- 6** The hopper will start to open until the safety bar will be engaged in the seat and the lever of the micro switch engaged in the bar opening micro switch.
- 7** De-energise the main power switch.

# Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence (Continued)

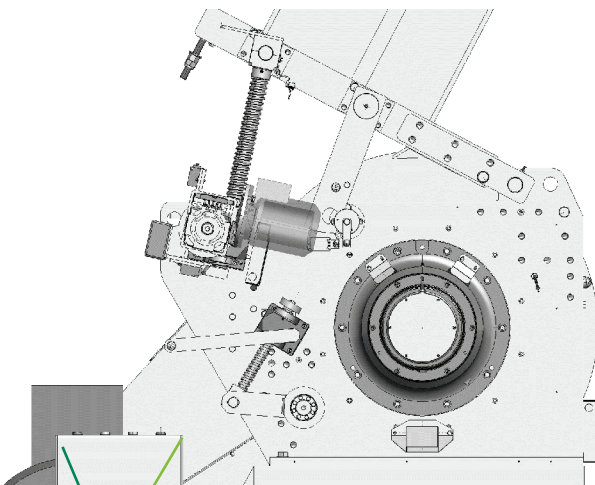
## Closing the Hopper with a Motorized Jack

**ATTENTION:** Wait until the machine is cool before beginning maintenance.



**1** Use the handle to move the safety bar from the groove, disengaging it.

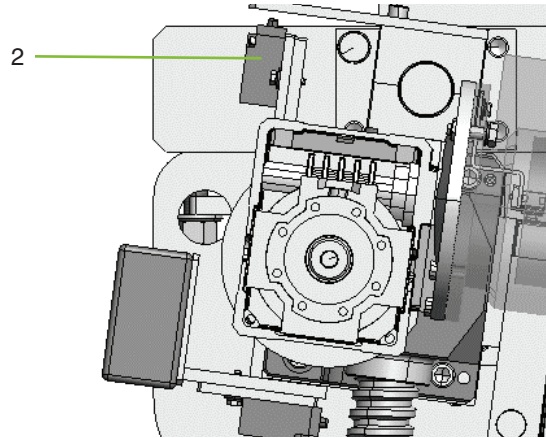
**2** Move the small latch until it engages in the groove of the safety bar (figure at the side).



**3** Set the selector on the junction box in the closing position and actuate the jack by pressing the two buttons (1).

1

## Hopper Tilt/Open Sequence (Continued)



- 4** The hopper will start to close. The position micro switch (2) detects the limit switch of the jack.



- 5** Re-tighten the screws or the tie-rods (3) that secure the hopper and the cutting chamber.

- 6** Reset the micro switch using the reset button

- 7** Press the start button on the electric panel to restart the machine

# Hopper Doors

## Hopper Doors Opening Sequence

- 1** Press the machine stop button on the electric panel.
- 2** Unlock the microswitch (1) using the button and wait until the indicator for unlocking the microswitch switches ON.
- 3** Loosen the closing screws of the door (2) and open the door using the handle (3).



## Hopper Doors Closing Sequence

- 1** Close the door
- 2** Tighten the screws
- 3** Reset the microswitch using the reset button
- 4** Press the start button on the electric panel to restart the machine

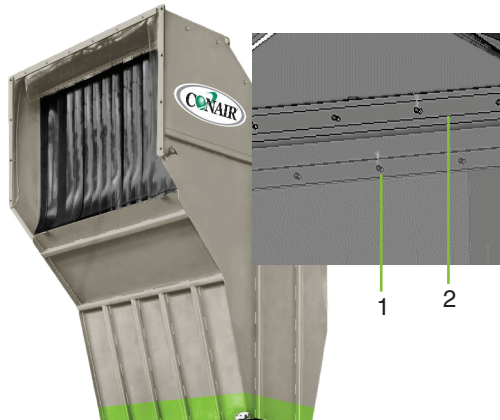
# Replacing the Flaps - if Equipped

To remove the flaps :

- 1** Loosen the fixing nuts (1).
- 2** Remove the stay plate (2).
- 3** Withdraw the plastic flap.


To assemble the flaps :

Follow the procedure in reverse order.



**NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

# Cooling System

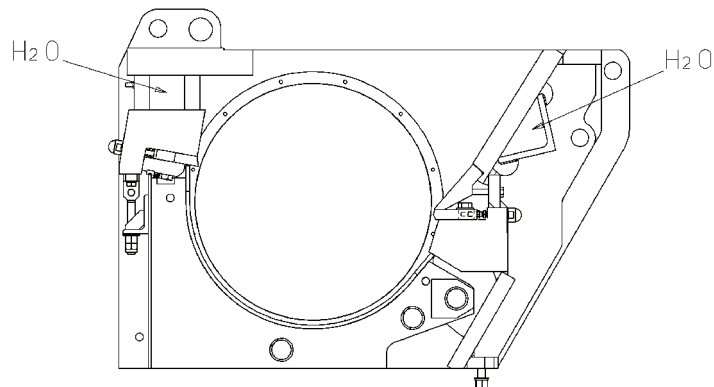
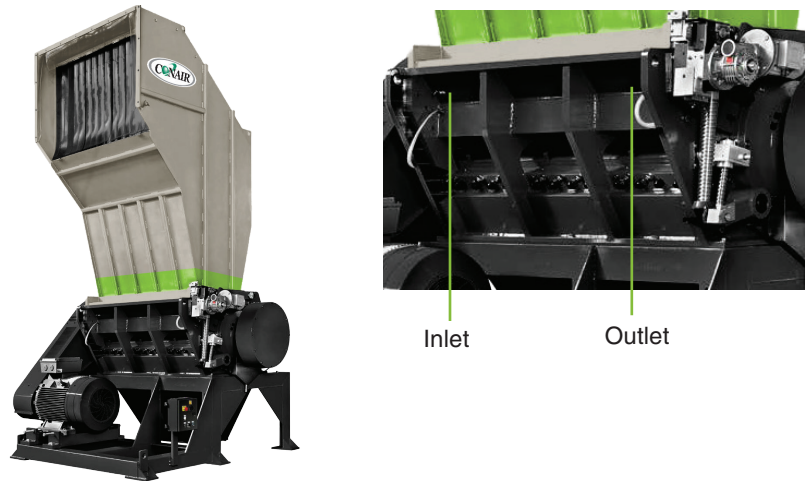
 **NOTE:** The following picture shows an example. Please refer to the drawings shipped with your equipment.

## Connection

- a. 1/4 in. NPT or 1/4 in. BSP if threaded
- b. If a slip fitting, it could be a range of 10 mm -15 mm

Maximum Water Pressure  
44 PSI {3 bar}

Required Water Flow 50 - 75 (lt/h)  
0.22 - 0.33 GPM {0.83 - 1.25 L/min}



- 1** On the external side of the box there are two connection devices complete with identification plates, as shown in the picture.

# Troubleshooting

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Before Beginning .....	6-2
A Few Words of Caution.....	6-2
Identifying the Cause of a Problem .....	6-3
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Mechanical Problems .....	6-5
Electrical Problems .....	6-6

# Before Beginning

You can avoid most problems by following the recommended installation, operation, and maintenance procedures outlined in this User Guide. If you have a problem, this section will help you determine the cause and tell you how to fix it.

Before you begin troubleshooting:

Additional manuals and prints for your Conair equipment may be ordered through the Customer Service or Parts Department for a nominal fee. Most manuals can be downloaded free of charge from the product section of the Conair website. [www.conairgroup.com](http://www.conairgroup.com)

- Find any wiring, parts, and assembly diagrams that were shipped with your equipment. These are the best reference for correcting a problem. The diagrams will note any custom features or options not covered in this User Guide.
- Verify that you have all instructional materials related to the granulator. Additional details about troubleshooting and repairing specific components are found in these materials.
- Check that you have the manual(s) for other equipment connected in the system. Troubleshooting may require investigating other equipment attached to, or connected with the granulator.

## A Few Words of Caution



**WARNING: Improper installation, operation, or servicing may result in equipment damage or personal injury.**

This equipment should only be installed, adjusted, and serviced by qualified technical personnel who are familiar with the construction, operation, and potential hazards of this type of machine.

All wiring, disconnects, and fuses should be installed and adjusted by qualified electrical technicians in accordance with electrical codes in your region. Always maintain a safe ground. Do not operate the equipment at power levels other than what is specified on the machine serial tag and data plate.



**WARNING: Electrical hazard**



Before performing maintenance or repairs on this product, disconnect and lock out electrical power sources to prevent injury from unexpected energization or start-up. A lockable device has been provided to isolate this product from potentially hazardous electricity.



**DANGER: Sharp Rotor Knives**

Most injuries caused by rotor knives occur when the granulator has been turned off. Handle rotor knives with care at all times.

- Always wear cut-resistant gloves when the granulator chamber is open and when handling rotor knives.
- Always lock out power to the granulator before opening the granulator chamber.



**DANGER: Pinch Hazard**

Injuries when lowering the hopper.



When the hopper is being lowered, keep hands and arms away from the hopper/granulator mating surfaces.


# Identifying the Cause of a Problem

The Troubleshooting section covers problems directly related to the operation and maintenance of the granulator. This section does not provide solutions to problems that originate with other equipment. Additional troubleshooting help can be found in manuals supplied with the other equipment.

The main problems you will see with the granulator are:

- **Process concerns.**
- **Mechanical problems.** This section contains problems that may be related to operation of the granulator.
- **Electrical problems.**

Additional troubleshooting help can be found in the documentation manuals included with this User Guide.

 **NOTE:** On the granulator are installed a rotor speed control and a thermal probe to manage alarms in cases where the sled transmission or the cutting chamber to exceed the set temperature. Other accessories may be mounted on the granulator (suction system, traction group, etc.). The “Corrective Actions” given by these alarms, are managed by the Electric Panel, that may not be supplied by Conair.

# Process Problems

Look in this section when you have problems such as rotor blockage.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
<b>A) Rotor blockage</b>	1) Overfeeding. 1a) Cutting chamber clogged. 2) Introduction of material other than plastic. 3) Discharge device clogged. 4) Screen clogged. 5) Bearing(s) seized. 6) Inadequate tension of drive belts.	Reduce feeding capacity. Clean chamber. Grind only plastic materials. Empty discharge device. Remove screen, clean it, and make sure it is not damaged. Replace bearing(s). Check belt tension, adjust belt tension, and check motor slide bolts.
<b>B) Abnormal dusty ground material</b>	1) Rotor knives inadequately sharpened. 2) Rotor knives sharpened with wrong angles. 3) Deteriorated screen. 4) Excessive clearance between rotor knives and fixed knives. 5) Wrong direction of motor rotation.	Re-sharpen or replace rotor knives. Re-sharpen or replace rotor knives. Replace screen. Check clearance and adjust, if necessary. Check direction of rotation and, if necessary, modify the electrical connections.
<b>C) Overheated material</b>	1) See points: A3. B1 - B2 - B3. 2) Screen with holes too small. 3) Cooling circuit is interrupted or obstructed.	See points: A3. B1 - B2 - B3. Call Technical Service. Check the continuity of the cooling system.
<b>D) Reduction of productivity</b>	1) See points: B1 - B3 - B4.	See points: B1 - B3 - B4.
<b>E) Flyback</b>	1) Flaps damaged.	Replace flaps. Call Technical Service.

# Mechanical Problems

Look in this section when the final product does not meet standards: cracks in rotor knives or breakage of rotor knives.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
<b>A) Bearings overheated</b>	1) Excessive tension of belts.	Check belt tension and, if necessary, adjust.
	2) Inadequate lubrication.	Lubricate housings properly.
<b>B) Cracks in the rotor knives or breakage of rotor knives</b>	1) Cutting of prohibited material.	Call Technical Service. Replace rotor knives.
	2) Improper sharpening.	Replace rotor knives.
	3) Rotor knife/fixed knife mechanical interference.	Replace rotor knives.
<b>C) Rotor knives moving from their housings</b>	1) Abnormal support of rotor knives.	Clean the supporting surface of the rotor knives.
	2) Loose rotor knife fastening bolts.	Tighten the bolts properly.
	3) Stretched rotor knife fastening bolts.	Replace bolts with new identical bolts and torque appropriately.
<b>D) Excessive rotor knife wear</b>	1) Cutting of prohibited material.	Call Technical Service. Sharpen or replace rotor knives.
<b>E) Screen-holder not locked</b>	1) Wrong positioning of screen.	Remove and re-position screen.
<b>F) Incomplete hopper lockup</b>	1) Supporting surface not clean.	Clean supporting surface.
<b>G) Excessive noise</b>	1) Worn rotor knives.	Sharpen rotor knives and, if necessary, replace them.
	2) Overfeeding.	Reduce feeding rate.
	3) Flaps damaged.	Replace flaps. Call Technical Service.
	4) Cutting of prohibited material.	Call Technical Service.
	5) Rotor knives and fixed knives contact.	Check rotor knife - fixed knife clearance and, if necessary, adjust, sharpen, or replace rotor knives.
<b>H) Vibrations</b>	1) Rotor knives not sharpened.	Sharpen rotor knives.
	2) Shaft is unbalanced.	Call Technical Service.
	3) Bearings are worn-out or not lubricated.	Call Technical Service. Lubricate housings.

# Electrical Problems

Look in this section when you have problems such as rotor blockage.

Symptom	Possible Cause	Solution
<b>A) Motor does not start</b>	1) Safety microswitch.	Check bin microswitch. Call Technical Service.
	2) Electric power failure.	Check and, if necessary, replace fuses or reset automatic switch (if equipped).
	3) Motor contactor not powered.	Check main line and auxiliary circuits safety devices.
	4) Emergency push-button pressed.	Reset emergency push-button.
	5) Thermal relay and automatic devices triggered.	Reset: in case of recurring triggering, check operating current and, if necessary, call Technical Service.
<b>B) Excessive motor absorption</b>	1) Overfeeding	Reduce feed rate.


## We're Here to Help

Conair has made the largest investment in customer support in the plastics industry. Our service experts are available to help with any problem you might have installing and operating your equipment. Your Conair sales representative also can help analyze the nature of your problem, assuring that it did not result from misapplication or improper use.

## How to Contact Customer Service

To contact Customer Service personnel, call:



 **NOTE:** Normal operating hours are 8:00 am - 5:00 pm EST. After hours emergency service is available at the same phone number.

**From outside the United States, call: 814-437-6861**

You can commission Conair service personnel to provide on-site service by contacting the Customer Service Department. Standard rates include an on-site hourly rate, with a one-day minimum plus expenses.

## Before You Call...

**If you do have a problem, please complete the following checklist before calling Conair:**

- Make sure you have all model, control type from the serial tag, and parts list numbers for your particular equipment. Service personnel will need this information to assist you.
- Make sure power is supplied to the equipment.
- Make sure that all connectors and wires within and between control systems and related components have been installed correctly.
- Check the troubleshooting guide of this manual for a solution.
- Thoroughly examine the instruction manual(s) for associated equipment, especially controls. Each manual may have its own troubleshooting guide to help you.

**Additional manuals and prints for your Conair equipment may be ordered through the Customer Service or Parts Department for a nominal fee.**

**Most manuals can be downloaded free of charge from the product section of the Conair website.**

**[www.conairgroup.com](http://www.conairgroup.com)**

## Equipment Guarantee

Conair guarantees the machinery and equipment on this order, for a period as defined in the quotation from date of shipment, against defects in material and workmanship under the normal use and service for which it was recommended (except for parts that are typically replaced after normal usage, such as filters, liner plates, etc.). Conair's guarantee is limited to replacing, at our option, the part or parts determined by us to be defective after examination. The customer assumes the cost of transportation of the part or parts to and from the factory.

## Performance Warranty

Conair warrants that this equipment will perform at or above the ratings stated in specific quotations covering the equipment or as detailed in engineering specifications, provided the equipment is applied, installed, operated, and maintained in the recommended manner as outlined in our quotation or specifications.

Should performance not meet warranted levels, Conair at its discretion will exercise one of the following options:

- Inspect the equipment and perform alterations or adjustments to satisfy performance claims. (Charges for such inspections and corrections will be waived unless failure to meet warranty is due to misapplication, improper installation, poor maintenance practices, or improper operation.)
- Replace the original equipment with other Conair equipment that will meet original performance claims at no extra cost to the customer.
- Refund the invoiced cost to the customer. Credit is subject to prior notice by the customer at which time a Return Goods Authorization Number (RGA) will be issued by Conair's Service Department. Returned equipment must be well crated and in proper operating condition, including all parts. Returns must be prepaid.

Purchaser must notify Conair in writing of any claim and provide a customer receipt and other evidence that a claim is being made.

## Warranty Limitations

**Except for the Equipment Guarantee and Performance Warranty stated above, Conair disclaims all other warranties with respect to the equipment, express or implied, arising by operation of law, course of dealing, usage of trade or otherwise, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.**

# Glossary

**Granulator:**

Equipment that cuts material inside the cutting chamber, thereby reducing its size until the product goes into the evacuation bin through appropriately sized screen holes.

**Cutting chamber:**

Equipment area where material is cut/reduced.

**Feeding devices:**

Feeding may occur manually through an opening, or automatically through devices installed on the equipment or connected to it. Automatic feeding occurs through devices such as, auger screws, belts, etc., or by means of suction systems, etc., or traction units located upstream.

**Evacuation devices:**

Devices receiving granulated material or finished products. Discharge may occur by the force of gravity or devices such as auger screws, belts, etc., or through suction, blowing, etc.

**Rotor:**

Rotary cutting device with blades installed inside the cutting chamber.

**Fixed knives:**

Fixed knives installed inside the cutting chamber.

**Rotor knives:**

Tool used for cutting material attached to the rotor.

**Screen:**

Drilled plate usually located in the cutting chamber evacuation bin. It is used for allowing the granulated material or appropriately sized finished product to pass through.

**Working area:**

A place where the operator feeds the machine.

**Loading surface:**

A surface used for preparing the material to be fed into the granulator. The person in charge of feeding the machine must not stand on this surface. (If it is possible to stand on this surface, it should be considered a working surface.)



# Connecting Accessories and Options

In many instances, your Viper granulator has additional features or is connected to other devices. This appendix gives further information about the control logic, and the electrical connections features and accessories such as: rotor brake, in feed conveyors, metal detectors, high-level discharge, optional alarm lights and horns, under-speed relay, blowers, and loading/conveying options.

Please refer to this appendix as you connect and operate these accessories/options. Contact Conair's Customer Care department with any questions.

Contact Conair  
Parts and Service  
Phone: 800-458-1960  
From outside of the  
United States,  
Call: 814 437 6861

## Granulator Logic

When the rotor motor is stopped (M1), the M1 normally closed (N.C.) contact in the Unlock circuit gives the permission to unlock all safety interlock switches. When the Unlock pushbutton is depressed, the R1 relay latches and the Unlock Light will flash (flasher timer). After the On-delay Safety relay (Pilz-PZA) times out (60 seconds), the Unlock Light will change from flashing to solid and the power will be supplied to safety interlock switches. Feedback from the safety interlock switches will enable the Hopper Open Motor circuit (Series 17 and 23).


## For the Viper Granulators equipped with a rotor brake:

An Unlock signal is sent to the rotor brake (just like the Screen Access and Hopper Access keyed interlock switches).

To open the machine:

**1 Stop the granulator rotor motor.**


**2 Push the “Unlock” button.** This starts the 60 second timer.

 **Note:** This is considered the “spin-down” timer for the machine. The timer setting is approximately 60 seconds. The timer value may vary by machine since it is rotor inertia dependent.

**3 With the spin-down complete, the control provides power to the key interlock solenoids, unlocking those switches.**

 **Note:** The safety key interlocks do not need to have power to insert the key - only to release the key.

**4 With key interlocks “un-locked”, manually remove the discharge bin, open the screen cradle, perform hopper tilt, and release the rotor brake brackets if equipped.**



 **Note:** Once one of the key actuators have been removed from the interlock switch, the rotor and any auxiliary motors cannot run - only the Hopper Lift motors will run (Series 17 and 23).

**5 Press the E-stop to turn off the control power** then perform the required “lock-out/tag-out” prior to putting any tools on/in the machine.

**6 Perform the maintenance / service required for the machine.**

# Options

To close the machine:

- 1 Close screen cradle and return the rotor brake back to the safe position** (Series 17 and 23).  
 **Note:** The safety key interlocks do not need to have power to insert the key - only to release the key.
- 2** If applicable, **remove the “lock-out/tag-out” and turn on main power supply.**
- 3** If the E-stop was depressed earlier, **pull the E-stop out to enable machine.**
- 4 Close the hopper (if powered open/close style).** Otherwise, hopper can be closed in Step 5.  
 **Note:** No motors will run as long as the key actuators are NOT in safety interlocks.
- 5 Lock all latches and confirm all safety items pass inspection.**
- 6 The downstream equipment and the granulator rotor motors can now be started.**

## High-amp Option (used to stop the In-Feed conveyors):

The ammeter has two outputs, Set-Point 1 (SP1) and Set-Point 2 (SP2). The first set-point is the WARNING or the first high amp limit which is approximately 66% of FLA of the rotor motor. The second set-point is the HIGH amp limit. This usually has a set-point of approximately 80% FLA of the rotor motor. These two signals are wired in a configuration so the High amp alarm turns on an alarm and the contact stops the in-feed conveyor momentarily. The alarm turns off when the WARNING level signal stops. This creates a window for “stopping” the in-feed conveyor until the FLA drops down to the WARNING level - or about 66% of the FLA of the rotor motor. Once below the WARNING level, the in-feed conveyor restarts automatically.

## Metal Detector on the In-feed Conveyor:

The metal detector on the in-feed conveyor is typically a Sesotec. A signal from the metal detector can represent the metal detector is OK, or the Metal Detector is OK and there is no metal. These signals are dry contacts from the metal detectors relay output. They are typically normally closed (N.C.). They remain closed by the “OK” and “No Metal” logic, opening when there is a fault on the detector or when there is metal present. This signal ties in to the in-feed conveyor and stops the conveyor from moving. It requires some action from an operator to re-start the conveyor. The action is set in the metal detector. Refer to the metal detector operator’s manual for details.

## **High Level Bin Discharge (Directed to the optional tower light [custom] or alarm horn):**

This can be proximity or a rotary level switch. Some of the bin configurations under the granulator warrant two level switches: one for each side of the two part compartmentalized bin. When the level exceeds the bin's capacity, an alarm light is lit and the in-feed conveyor is stopped. The rotor can be set up by the user to stop by removing a jumper on the contacts of the R7 relay. The rotor and in-feed conveyor must be restarted by operator.

## **Surge Bin High Level:**

The surge high level option turns on surge bin high level light and turns the in-feed conveyor off. This is available on custom control panels only and is achieved by adding a relay (R11) and an alarm light.

## **Under-speed Relay:**

The under-speed relay provides protection from the rotor slowing down under a large load. This protects the rotor motor from overheating and belt over-slippage. It is typically set for 50% of the nominal speed of the rotor. The low RPM alarm can be set to activate the R5 relay and drop out the rotor motor circuit. It includes a Low RPM Alarm Reset pushbutton.

## **Starting Order of Granulator and Associated Loading and Evacuating Auxiliary Equipment:**

Downstream first:

- 1** Size reduction blower (SRB) or discharge blower;
- 2** Rotor; and
- 3** In-feed conveyor

## **Optional Purge Button (on some Granulators):**

This is a momentary pushbutton that allows the customer to wire directly into their Loading/Conveying system terminal blocks. The pushbutton has a normally open (N.O.) and a normally closed (N.C.) contact. It provides a means to evacuate the granulator bin.

